The New-York Times.

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THE WRECK.

Arrival of the Norwegian Ship Catarina at Quebec.

TWENTY-TWO MORE PERSONS RESCUED.

Additional Particulars of the Disaster—Thrilling Narrative.

CORRECTED LIST OF THE LOST AND SAVED.

The Norwegian vessel seen in the vicinity of the burning steamship *Austria* proves to have been the ship Catarina, from England. She arrived at Quebec on Saturday, the announcement of her arrival was not made by telegraph until yesterday. She succeeded in saving twenty-two persons from the wreck—sixteen passengers and six of the crew. All the passengers were saved except one, who was consumed in the burning steamship.

Quebec, Monday, Oct. 4.

The Norwegian ship Catarina, Capt. Furnes, from Cardiff, which left Cardiff on the 8th of Sept., at 8 o'clock A. M., in longitude 15° 30', the Catarina fell in with the burning steamship *Austria*, and took from the burning vessel in all, 16 passengers and six of the crew, leaving behind in the steamer a girl about four years of age. On their arrival in Quebec Messrs. Parkerson and McLean took them under their care, and will see to their wants.

The following are the names of the saved by the Catarina:

[illegible]

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS OF THE DISASTER.

We have been asked the following further particulars of the burning of the passenger steamship *Austria*:

Thursday we heard the ill-fated vessel in command. The first engine was not in working order, [illegible] made to render it available, but the progress of the flames was too rapid. The life-boats were lowered, but, owing to their unwieldiness, it was impossible to get out all of them. One was lowered crowded with people, but, being seized by those already in the water, was swamped. Another was so long being lowered that the people in it sprang into the sea to escape the flames. Near the forecastle ropes were made fast to shutters outside, and to these numbers clung, and were dragged along by the vessel, and took from the water in all, 16 passengers and six of the crew. The passengers saved consisted of a gentleman and a little girl about four years of age. On their arrival in Quebec Messrs. Parkerson and McLean took them under their care, and will see to their wants.

The following are the names of the saved by the Catarina:

[illegible]

CORRECTED LIST OF THE LOST AND SAVED.

The following is a revised and corrected list of the officers and passengers of the burnt steamer, as far as known, and passengers of the burnt steamer, as far as known, [illegible] The two vessels—the Austria and the Catarina—were the only ones seen in the vicinity of the ill-fated Austria while she was burning. If the disaster from Quebec, which was so strictly correct, that the Catarina has not been heard from, the hope may be entertained that some may yet be saved, as the boat in which the 16 were saved could hardly be the last one left in the burning steamer. Some of them, a French gentleman and his little daughter, about 4 years of age, were saved by the Catarina, which proved to be the *Catarina*. The ship [illegible] about 5 P. M., and sent two boats to the burning steamer. I saw them picking up the people. They kept on the windward side of the steamer. I saw them only occasionally, as the steamer swung round. The boats were employed in this way until dark, when they returned to the ship. I perceived a light [illegible] her mast till about 10 o'clock. I think I saw the same vessel the next morning about 9 A.M. On the 14th inst. I saw a ship close to the wind, which proved to be the *Catarina*. The ship [illegible] back to the windward of the steamer [illegible] about day break when the Captain of the [illegible] the long boat to pick us up. [illegible] there then found on the [illegible] side, and one all on the railing [illegible] young girl, with her brother, had [illegible] on the bowsprit, hanging on by the [illegible] picked up by the *Catarina* in [illegible] the last but one picked up [illegible] have been on much longer, [illegible] and the sea becoming rougher, though indeed, it had broken over me all [illegible]

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C. Pell, engineer's assistant.
C. Place, quartermaster.
C. Michaelis, boatswain.—6.

CABIN PASSENGERS SAVED.

Theodore Kiefeld, professor of music, New-York.
Theodore Glaubensklee, professor of music, New-York.
Mr. Alfred Vezin, Philadelphia.—3.

SECOND CABIN AND STEERAGE PASSENGERS SAVED.

Marie Friedrich, Prague.
Rosalie St. Alp, Lobenz, Prussia.
Betty Egan, Lemberg.
Catharine Tinkel, New-York.
B. Revendamon, Schaumbeck, Hanover.
Trina Boechel, Bremerrode, Hanover.
Franz Meemann, New-York.
Ch. Frez, Nicaragua.
Durrfeldt, Dresden.
D. Cohn, Cologne.
Jacob Bell, Bavaria.
J. Reinhimmer, Cologne.
Franz Zitz, Mainz.
Emil Tree, Eugen, Baden.
Dr. Schenck, Cologne.
W. Becker, Solingen.
J. Tripper, Ellenville, N. Y.
C. Link, Chicago.
Leopold Thiller, Poehlewitz.
C. Lehman, Cincinnati.
T. Hohenloe, Lentzen.
Rubens Willmess, Lentzen.
A. F. Nothe, Lentzen.
W. Vollweiner, Cappeln.
Friedrich Gilner, Eggenstorf, Prussia.
Ferdinand Stubner, Sassenberg, Prussia.
H. Gabar, Brensterberg, Gov. Minden, Prussia.
C. Becker, Blomberg, Lippe-Detmold.
A. Lara, Capstein, Oldenburg.
H. Sicks, Holzen, Baden.
H. Mendell, Holzen, Baden.
C. Buchholz, Holzen, Baden.
F. Sandeburg, Holzen, Baden.
A. Hess, Holzen, Baden.
H. Haas, Berlin.
Peter Torgner, Worms.
Wilf Milslow, Worms.
Levi Beck, Tudori, Gov. Paderborn, Prussia.
S. Pollack, Rutzen, Prussia.
Th. Muller, Aurau.
Ernst Witte, Wieden-Baden.
A. Birnetiel, Mannheim.
E. Wunschmann, Lichen, Prussia.
Lyon Wolff, New York.
Fr. Wagner, Cassel.
James Smith Murray, Alexandria, Va.
Ch. Brew, England.
Jean Polikerzuka, New York.
Ph. Berry, Hackensack.
H. Randers, Sweden.
E. Hoggund, Sweden.
C. V. T. Rostu, Richmond, Va.
Henry Augustus Smith, Chelsea, Mass.
John F. Fox, Boston.
Silvan Petersen.
T. Thompson, California.

G. Stoepel.	Andrew Lindsheim,
Conrad Eiffert,	Jorgen Fischen,
Wilhelm Braunsdorf,	Heinrich Fourier,
Joachin Fless,	Edward Ahlers,
Joseph Smerlasek,	Christoph Barcker,
Sven Nelison,	Peter Svensen,
—— Wissents,	Johannes Daunellier,

Christopher Dunker.—71.

SAVED OF THE CREW.

E. Arindolph, steward.	Fred'k Sheifeldt, fireman.
N. Lurgenson, sailor.	Heur Rieper, fireman.
E. Freibolds, firemen.	Johan Rohmondt, sailor.
H. Richter, sailor boy.	Johan Heinrich, sailor.
Martin Folige, cook.	——Jaht, sailor.—11.

Joseph Karze, fireman.

OFFICERS LOST.

F. A. Heydtmann	Captain.
Von Maggensterne	Chief engineer.
—— Schram	Surgeon.
—— West	Fourth officer.
—— Wehlers	Purser.
Louis Eilert	Chief steward—first cabin.
——	Chief cook—first cabin.
—— Meyer	Assistant-Surgeon.
—— Hanson	Second engineer.
—— Scheper	Third engineer.
—— Meyer	Fourth engineer.
—— Heinrich	Captain's steward.
Fritz Delmenhurst	Assist. steward—1st cabin.
—— Verdens	Confectioner.
Martin Fogel	Chief steerage cook.
Heinrich Biester	Assistant steerage cook.
—— Schmidt	First quartermaster.
William Becker	Second quartermaster.
—— Wend	Third quartermaster.
—— Meyer	Fourth quartermaster.
—— Nagel	First boatswain.
—— Asmus	First Carpenter.
—— Detlef	Second Carpenter.—22.

CABIN PASSENGERS LOST.

Hahn, Sondheim, wife and five children, New-York.
Miss Bridget Loughlin, New-York.
Earl Nottman, New-York.
Julie Kühnhanse and daughter, New-York.
C. Weinsperg, New-York.
A. E. Wiedeman, New-York.
E. Weisker, New-York.
Mrs. Sophie Jegel and child, New-York.
A. M. Sarmunt, New-York.
W. Rosenthal, wife and five children, New-York.
Miss Lena Meyer, New-York.
Miss Minna Smith, New-York.
Jos. Hope, New-York.
Ed. Adelsteen, New-York.
Ed. Sugel, New-York.
E. Kittiez, Minden.
J. Bogel and wife, New-Orleans.
Mrs. Emilie Vezin and two children, Philadelphia.
Hermann Thorbecke, Philadelphia.
Miss Therese Van Mengerhausen, Arnsberg.
Mrs. Anna Paypert and three children, St. Louis.
Miss Marie Herken, St. Louis.
Gustav Kohn, Koenigsberg.
Jacob Friendly and wife, Wittelsdorf.
Wilh. Stechel, Cincinnati.
Miss Hedwig Dormitzer, Hamburg.
F. Gorrissen and wife, Hamburg.
Miss Caroline Howitz, Copenhagen.
Miss Helene Wolf, Copenhagen.
Fr. Bertels, San Francisco.
C. D. Treth, Zanzibar.
J. H. Maswely, Zanzibar.
R. R. Durfeldt, Dresden.
Aid. Hermann, wife and seven children, Iguig.
Henry Hunt, Brooklyn.
Mrs. Hunt, Brooklyn—26.

SECOND CABIN AND STEERAGE PASSENGERS LOST.

Julius Busch.
Mrs. Sadha, Potsdam.
Miss Lowenthal and sister-in-law (Introssin Posen.)
Israel Israel, Pyrmont.
Clara Israel, Pyrmont.
—— Kayser, California.
—— Newman, California.
—— Horwitzer, California.
—— Neubrist, New-York.
Alwine Cohn, Breslau.
David Cohn, Breslau.
W. R. Brull, New-York.
Franciska Holz, New-York.
Mrs. Carol Holster and son, New-York.
Mrs. Steinkraus, New-York.
Mrs. Ritten, New-York.
G. Kunz, Philadelphia.
Meape Lippe, Detmold.
Theodore Gerk, Baltimore.
John Weissman, Baltimore.
Mrs. D. Washmann and child, Baltimore.
Meyer Nachman, Baltimore.
Mehlenberg, Alexandria.
Mrs. Reichard and three children, Alexandria.
F. R. Scherr, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Williams and three children, Washington.
Mrs. Seelmann, Cincinnati.
Mrs. Wagner, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Kohler, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Nozie, New-York.
Dr. Suddemer, New-York.
Mrs. Messemer and child, New-York.
Jacob Clausen, Washolm.
Frans Clausen, Washolm.
Carl Brock, Washolm.
Denis Tuggeren, Gappeln.
Johanne Patterson, Arnas.
Johanne Woort, Arnas.
George Reisin, Fewert.
Andrew Nelson, Sweden.
Susan Nelson, Sweden.
Caroline Nelson, Sweden.
Peter Swanson, Sweden.
Olivia V. Swanson, Sweden.
Carl Meyer, New-Orleans.
—— Openheim and four children, Posen.
Caro and brother, California.

How a Lady Saved her Life, but Lost her Jewelry and Passage-Money on Board the Austria.

From the Cincinnati Gazette, Oct. 2.

A lady resident of this city, arrived home yesterday from a visit to Europe, where she has been spending the past few months. A short time previous to the sailing of the *Austria*, the lady sent the amount necessary for a cabin passage to New-York, to the agent at Hamburg, with instructions to select her a good state-room. He did as directed with the exception of giving her a desirable location in the vessel, and, on her arrival in Hamburg, to sail with the steamer, she found the vessel so crowded with passengers, and the room assigned her so undesirable, that she concluded to take passage in another steamer. With this intention she applied to the agent for the return of her passage-money, but he declined to refund. "A bargain was a bargain" with him, and the lady was either compelled to accept such quarters as had been assigned her, or to return by an shelter vessel, and lose her passage-ticket. She determined to adopt the latter course, and so once secured a state-room in another vessel. After her arrangements had been made, and before the *Austria* sailed, a feeling took possession of her mind that the vessel in which she had taken passage would meet with some terrible accident, and that she herself would in all probability be lost. So well pleased was she that something would happen, that, as people frequently do under trouble, she began selling her jewelry, thinking that the proceeds would be of some slight service. She stripped herself of everything valuable, watch and chain, pins, rings, brooches, &c., to a considerable amount, and placing them carefully in a corner of the *Austria*, taking the precaution to inform her friends of what she had done, in order that they might recover the property in case her own groundless fears, in regard to herself, should be realized.

The result is well known. The vessel in which the lady took passage arrived safely at its destination. That which she had been prompted to leave, even at considerable loss, with its load of human beings, met with a fate that appalled the stoutest hearts! It is needless to add that the lady is contented. She lost her passage-money and jewelry, but saved her life.

Other Marine Disasters.

SCHOONER ARCTIC RUN DOWN AT SEA—TWO LIVES LOST.

The packet-ship *Liverpool*, KEARNEY, London and Isle of Wight Sept. 2, with merchandise and 30 passengers, to GRINNELL, MINTURN & Co., Sept. 22, lat. 49° 7', long. 40° 30', exchanged signals with ship *Patrick Henry*, hence for London. Sept. 23, at 7½ P. M., in lat. 44° 40', long. 49° 10', during a heavy fog, ran foul of the fishing schooner *Arctic*, of Provincetown. One man jumped on board the ship; two others, named FRANK JERSEY and JOHN COOKE, in attempting to get on board, fell overboard. We threw the life-buoy to them, were silent, and found the schooner. We sent a boat to her and took the remainder of the crew off. The captain (DYER) reported his vessel sinking, and wished to abandon her. When the weather cleared we found the schooner close alongside of us, apparently in good condition, and sent a boat on board again to ascertain the possibility of saving the vessel. There were four feet of water in her. The boat returned without seeing anything of the life-buoy or of the two men. At 3 A. M. we made sail, having lost flying jib-boom and foretopmast studding-sail boom. The schooner, it is alleged, had no light set. Sept. 23, lat. 42° 27', long. 53° 46', saw ship *James Foster, Jr.*, hence for Liverpool. The *Liverpool* arrived off the Bar at 7 o'clock P. M.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

BRITISH BRIG ESPERANZA PICKED UP AT SEA.

NEW-ORLEANS, Monday, Oct. 4.

The steamship *Oriziaba*, from Key West, found the British brig *Esperanza* drifting about in the Gulf the Captain dead, and all the crew sick with fever, and towed her into Apalachicola.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Monday, Oct. 4.

The Tallahassee *Journal* of the 2d states that on the 26th ult. the British brig *Esperanza*, from Vera Cruz for Liverpool, with mahogany, was off Bayport, Florida, in distress. Two men and a sick boy were living, while the Captain, mate and balance of the crew had died. The steamer *Oriziaba* manned the *Esperanza*, and sent her to Apalachicola.

FISHING VESSEL STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

HALIFAX, N. S., Monday, Oct. 4.

The fishing schooner *Bloomer*, of Gloucester, Mass., has arrived here. She was struck by lightning on Friday, had foremast split, and sustained other damage. One man was killed.

SUPPOSED WRECK ON YARMOUTH BAR.

BOSTON, Monday, Oct. 4.

The body of a man and valise were found on Dennis Beach, this morning, supposed to belong to a Quincy sloop, which was wrecked on Yarmouth Bar, Saturday. The valise contained papers, belonging to WILLIAM PARKER, of Rockport. Two persons were seen on board the vessel when she struck.

LOSS OF THE BRIGANTINE CAROLINE.

PORT HOOD, Monday, Oct. 4.

The brigantine *Caroline*, of Arichat, WOLFE, master, from Pictou, bound to Boston, coal-laden, went ashore on Fort Hood Island Sunday morning. Vessel a total wreck. The only person saved is the captain; the rest of the crew perished.

Sea and Ship News.

FOR EUROPE.—The steamer *Vanderbilt*, Capt. P. E. LEROYER, sailed on Saturday for Southampton, Havre and Bremen, carrying an unusually large mail, $427,467 70 in specie, 201 first cabin, and 228 second cabin passengers—in all, 429 passengers. This is believed to be the most numerous ship load with which any vessel has ever sailed hence for Europe. On board are the Hon. WM. WHITMORE, U. S. Consul at Malta; the Hon. THOMSON CROSBY and family, of Philadelphia; Colonel KIRALEY, of Constantinople; La Comtesse de BERNELLE, of Paris, &c.

FROM RIO JANEIRO.—The bark *Parthian*, Capt MOORE, which arrived on the 1st inst. in Hampton Roads, forty-three days from Rio de Janeiro, left there the United States sloop-of-war *Falmouth* and the frigate *St. Laurence*; officers and crew all well. The health of the city was good. Freights dull. On the 15th the *Parthian* spoke the bark *Pappatel*, from Chili seventy-four days out; and on the 26th, the *Parthian* fell in with a splendid British clipper-ship, the *Red Riding-hood*, 133 days from Shanghae. The ship was short of provisions. Capt. MOORE furnished the ship with what was needed for the balance of the voyage.

The steamer *Cass Trickett*, Captain SLOCUM, arrived at Key West on the 18th ult., after a rough passage, all safe. She took on board a supply of coal, and sailed on the 23d for San Juan del Norte, to take her place on Lake Nicaragua as one of the line of boats for the new Transit route.

NEW WHALING ENTERPRISE.—Several merchants have formed a company in Boston for the purpose of engaging in the whale fishery in the North Pacific, by means of small vessels of from one to two hundred tons burthen. They will be provided, in addition to the ordinary outfit, with the new bomb lance of C. C. BEARS, of Norwich, Conn., which has become so important an article in conducting on the whaling business upon the N. W. Coast. A depot for supplies will be established at Port Townsend, in Washington Territory, where the vessels can land their oil and obtain supplies, without being absent so long from the whaling-ground as it now takes to run down to the Sandwich Islands to recruit. Whalemen on the Northwest coast have long considered it of great importance to obtain their supplies near the field of their operations. Mr. JAMES G. SWAN, of New-Bedford, under whose auspices this enterprise has been started, will leave in the steamer of the 20th inst., to carry out the details of the plan. He has long resided in Washington Territory, and will take out supplies for the proposed whaling fleet.

WRECK OF THE SCHOONER ROVER.—The Milwaukee *Sentinel* of the 28th says this vessel, owned in Milwaukee, is a complete wreck 1½ miles north of Portage, Mich. The *Rover* was abandoned by her crew a week ago last Sunday, about 30 miles from the Michigan shore, and left to the mercy of the waves. The owner and three others had been on board coming from Manitowoc to Milwaukee, with a load of lumber. A week ago Friday a leak was discovered, and soon after the vessel almost capsized, throwing off her deck load, when she righted up again and soon filled with water. The crew remained on board, drifting whithersoever the wind might carry them, for two days, when they were obliged to take to the boat and abandon the vessel, as the wind was coming up fresh. The vessel drifted ashore in the gale which followed, and was completely wrecked. This is the second time the *Rover* has been wrecked within two years.

A FOG BELL ON POINT JUDITH.—Through the agency of Capt. JOHN D. NEWMAN, of this city, agent of the New-York and Philadelphia Board of Underwriters, and also of Capt. NATHAN CHASE, pilot of the steamer *Governor*, a petition has been drawn up and circulated among the Insurance Offices of New-York, Boston, Providence, &c., for a fog bell on Point Judith. This is a very dangerous point in navigation, in fact one of the most dangerous on our seaboard. It is also one which an immense number of vessels are obliged to pass and repass, and where much shipping has been cast away and lost. All the Navigation from New-York eastward through Long Island Sound, most of necessity pass this point, and a vast amount of property annually is exposed to the peril here existing in case of foggy weather. We trust that the Hon. Secretary COBB will attend to this matter.

STEAMER CLEVELAND MISSING!—The steamer *Cleveland*, which plys between this city and Grand Haven, says the Milwaukee *News* of Thursday, and which was due yesterday morning, has not yet arrived, and the most fearful apprehensions are felt for her safety. She left Grand Haven on Tuesday evening, and was met by the steamer *Arctic* yesterday morning, about forty miles out from this city, headed this way, and apparently all right, since which time nothing has been heard of her, though dispatches have been sent out in every direction to ascertain her whereabouts. We await, with painful suspense, further information concerning her fate, and trust that all yet may be right.

A PROPELLER SUNK.—The propeller *Decatur*, which left New-London on Friday afternoon, broke a shaft near Saybrook, and was run ashore near the East Lyme station of the New-London Railroad, as we learn from the *Chronicle*. She was partly full of water when she grounded, and soon filled and sunk in the mud. Her hatches are under water as she lies now. Her cargo consisted chiefly of dry goods and boots and shoes. The loss is estimated may reach as high a figure as $20,000.

FISHERMEN RETURNING.—The Plymouth *Mercurial* says that more than half of the fishing fleet of that town has returned from the Banks, most of them with small fares. The small catch upon Quereau is attributed to the presence of a large fleet of Frenchmen, who fished with trawls, with which they cover the Bank, to the great annoyance of our fishermen. These trawls are sometimes four miles in length, having nine thousand hooks. The Frenchmen often take four thousand fish in a day.

WRECK WITH A BROKEN HEAD.—While Messrs. S. LEWIS and BENJAMIN and NATHANIEL HOPKINS were fishing about ten miles to the southward of Grand Manan, on the 13th inst., they discovered a dead whale floating, which they towed into Holmes' Cove, Grand Manan, and extracted about 100 barrels of oil from it. It is stated that the head and jaws were a mass of broken bones; from appearances it had been fighting.

The Montauk Point Mystery Explained.

A New-York Slave-Ship Scuttled Off Long Island.

Nine Hundred Slaves Landed by the Haidee in Cuba.

Arrest of the Mate and Five of the Crew—Description of the Ship.

Our readers must remember the "Montauk mystery," of which we published the exclusive account some two weeks ago. It is at last all explained. We give the whole story from the beginning.

On the morning of the 13th of September Mr. GERRY, who keeps the Lighthouse upon Montauk Point, on going up at sunrise to extinguish the light, observed in the southern offing a square-rigged vessel lying off and on, as if waiting for something. He watched her movements for a short time, and then descended to attend to other matters. In about an hour afterwards he looked again towards the point where he had seen the vessel, but she had disappeared. The circumstance arrested his attention for the moment, but supposing she might, meanwhile, have gone to the eastward, he thought no more of the matter. In another hour, however, a ship's quarter-boat, containing nine seamen, was observed pulling towards the shore. The boat dashed into the surf, the nine men landed upon the beach, and walked leisurely up the bank of the Light-house. The boat was left in the surf. They were mostly Portuguese sailors, though one or two of them spoke the English language. These contracted with Mr. GERRY's sons to carry them in his wagon to Sag Harbor. They had plenty of money, which they freely displayed—Spanish doubloons, and halves and quarters of Spanish silver. They reached Sag Harbor about 4 o'clock, but, desiring not to ride into the town, they paid liberally for the ride, stopped the wagon outside the village and straggled, one after another, into town. Here they made large purchases of hats, shoes, pants and other articles, for which they paid in doubloons, not appearing to care much about the change. The sudden presence of these strangers, with a profusion of money, soon attracted the attention of the people, and great curiosity was manifested concerning their character, what they were there for, and where they came from.

It was finally determined to have them arrested, and institute an examination into the mystery; but the sailors hearing of the course affairs were taking, hired boats to take them across the Sound, and were off before any means had been taken to detain them.

Some two or three hours after these nine men landed, another boat came ashore from the same direction as the first, containing 15 men. These traveled along the shore westwards, and arrived at Sag Harbor late in the evening. They kept their own counsel, appeared anxious to avoid interrogation, and even secreted themselves during their stay in the place. They had stated to some inquiries, that they were fishermen, and becoming separated from their smack, had pulled for the shore. The villagers, however, connected them with the party that had previously arrived and crossed the Sound. One of their number was taken sick and died on Sunday. He was buried in the town, but neither his name nor history was disclosed. The whole party left on Sunday and proceeded towards New-York.

These facts naturally led to the belief that the mysterious strangers were the crew either of some slaver which had been scuttled off the coast, or of a vessel whose hands had mutinied and carried off her treasure. The fact that most of the party were Portuguese sailors seemed to strongly favor the former theory, which now proves to have been correct. A messenger was accordingly dispatched to this City with a statement of the facts for the U. S. Marshal. Capt. RYNDERS immediately took the necessary steps to unravel the mystery, and arrest the suspected parties. He accordingly dispatched one of his deputies, officer DE ANGELIS, to the lower end of the Island, who returned with a full confirmation of all the foregoing facts. The mysterious strangers had, however, scattered to various parts of the country.

MATTHEW O'KEEFE and THEODORE RYNDERS, two of the Deputy Marshals, were sent in search of the crew of the vessel. They were not long in finding out that three of the men were in this City.

These men were arrested early last week, and imprisoned. The fact of their arrest was kept a secret, so that those still at large would not be put on their guard. From one of the prisoners the names of those engaged in the expedition were learned, and from further information from the same source, and upon consultation with Mr. THEODORE SEDGWICK, the United States District-Attorney, Marshal RYNDERS concluded to send the Deputies, O'KEEFE and RYNDERS, to Boston, in search of the remainder of the crew. Arriving there, they found two of them, whom they arrested and placed in the temporary custody of the proper authorities.

The officers then proceeded to New-Bedford, near which place they arrested the chief mate, who had command of the vessel when she was scuttled. His name is MACCARDLE. They found him at his house, near New-Bedford, arrested him and brought him to this City. They then returned to Boston, where they fell in with some exceedingly disinterested persons, who made themselves very sociable in one way and another, till O'KEEFE and the younger RYNDERS began to "smell a rat." Their suspicions were right, for they learned shortly afterwards that these gentlemen were friends of the slavers, and had even obtained a writ of *habeas corpus* to serve upon them, for the purpose of having the prisoners brought up. But the New-York officers were too sharp for the Bostonian gentlemen. A hack was procured and the deputies and their prisoners jumped in. John cracked his whip, and off they flew to the railroad station, which they reached just in time to take the cars for New-York, successfully escaping the service of the writ upon them, and with it, possibly, a great deal of time and trouble. They arrived early on Sunday morning, and at once proceeded to Marshal RYNDERS' residence in Henry-street, woke him up from a sound sleep, and recounted their adventures to him, at the same time exhibiting the three prisoners whom they had along with them. The Marshal ordered them to be locked up in Eldridge-street Jail forthwith to await examination. In the present state of the case, it is impossible to obtain full particulars, as the prisoners for the most part keep silent on the subject. We learned, however, that the name of the vessel is *Haidee*, of New-York, instead of the *Elizabeth*, of New-Orleans, as was stated a few days ago in the newspapers. This discrepancy is accounted for in the fact that they had nailed a piece of canvas on her stern, upon which was painted, in large letters, "*Elizabeth, of New-Orleans.*"

It appears that the *Haidee* was fitted out at this port several months ago, and sailed to the coast of Africa, where she took in a cargo of 900 slaves. She then sailed for Cuba, and the slaves were landed at Cardenas. At that place the captain left the vessel, and the first mate then took the command. It is stated that the crew had some ill-feeling towards the mate, and he was fearful they had evil designs against him. The mate is an American, and the crew was composed mostly of Portuguese. The officers state that the reason the vessel was scuttled was, that she had no papers by which she could enter any port.

The Marshal understands that the remaining portion of the crew have left the country, and has consequently given up further chase after them; and he says he believes that he has done his duty in doing what he has. The examination of the parties will take place in the course of a few days. Mr. P. J. JOACHIMSSEN, Ex-Assistant United States District-Attorney, has been retained as counsel for the prisoners.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SHIP.

The *Haidee* was a small, sharp and racing clipper, and neatly furnished in every respect. She was built in Providence in 1849, and it is said was originally intended as a pleasure-yacht. She was 117 feet long; breadth of beam, 27 feet, and depth 11½ feet. She had two decks, a small but very neat cabin, a round stern, a house on deck for the crew, a bird head, and altogether was one of the prettiest ships in port. She was, however, too small to be profitable. She carried but a light cargo, and sailed at about the same expense as a ship of twice her tonnage. She was in command of Capt. MAYNARD, of Providence, who made one or two voyages to China and the Mediterranean. Her owners, Messrs. BUCKER & CHASE, of this City, with Mr. AS ASPINWALL and M. H. THOMPSON, of Providence, sold the *Haidee* on the 15th of February, 1857, to SEÑORA GERTRUDIS ARRIEGUIS. It is supposed, however, that her husband was the real owner. The *Haidee* sailed under this register until December 15, 1857, when she was transferred to RAMON SAGARRA and DOMT of this City, by whom she was cleared, January 7, 1858, for Gibraltar and a market. Her Captain was F. G. WARNEY. The following is a list of her cargo when she sailed from this port:

LIST OF CARGO.

300 barrels of Rum.	8 cases Cotton Cloth.
224 barrels Flour.	1 box Toys.
40 barrels Beef.	1,000 bbls. Flour, for Cadiz and Alicante.
329 boxes Tobacco.	
50 ½-boxes Tobacco.	

The total value of this cargo was $16,031.

The *Haidee* received this cargo on board at Pier No. 9, East River, lying head into the slip. At the head of the Pier lay the brig *Ellen*, but a short time before sailed as a slaver, and her cargo of shooks and lumber was at the same time being discharged upon the dock. The nature of these shipments on board the *Haidee*, and the proximity of the slaver, with her shooks and lumber, naturally suggested that the *Haidee* herself was doing for a slave voyage. A person who was cognizant of these facts communicated his suspicions to the United States authorities, but no notice was taken of the matter. In a short time she left the port "between two days," and within the space of a few months she has taken nine hundred slaves from the Coast of Africa, landed a large part of them in Cuba, and now lies scuttled at the east end of Long Island, her piratical crew having escaped with the price of her cargo of human souls.

By the vigilance of U. S. Marshal RYNDERS and his deputies, six of the twenty-two persons constituting her crew are now under arrest, and imprisoned in this City. There is good reason to expect, therefore, that all the details of the affair will be exposed, and those concerned in fitting out the vessel, as well as her officers and crew, will be brought to trial for engaging in the Slave-trade.

TERRIBLE FIGHT IN A LAGER-BIER GARDEN.

One Man Killed, One Fatally Stabbed, and Two Others Seriously Injured.

NINETEEN PERSONS ARRESTED.

The Garden a Den of Thieves—Coroner's Inquest Commenced.

About 10 o'clock Sunday evening a serious fight occurred at the lager-bier garden corner of Third-avenue and Seventy-eighth-street, kept by LAURENZ GOMEZ, an Italian. The garden has been a noted Sabbath resort for Italians all Summer. Between forty and fifty Italians were gathered there Sunday evening spending their time in drinking lager-bier, singing songs and talking Italian vehemently. Irish laborers occasionally drop into the place and the Italians for a long time have evinced a dislike at what they have evidently deemed an intrusion on the part of the Irish visitors. Some words ensued between a few of the Italians and some Irishmen who went there Sunday night, and they soon came to more violent expressions of their mutual hostility. Empty bottles, decanters and glasses flew about in lively style, mingled with a free use of fists and clubs. A number of pistols were fired by the Italians. Intimation of the fight was speedily communicated to the Police of the Nineteenth Precinct. Sergeant VAN HOUSE and a posse of men quickly hurried to the place to quell the disturbance. Officer MEARIS had arrested an Italian, but the prisoner was immediately rescued and the Officer was nearly dispatched for his daring interference. The police went in among the belligerents, and by a free use of their clubs, soon ended the fierce battle. They arrested nineteen persons, sixteen of whom were Italians, and one American—the latter named GEORGE BARCLAY, a book-keeper.

It was found that four Irishmen had been stabbed. MICHAEL COLLINS received a stab on the inside of the thigh, and bled to death in a few minutes. EDWARD BURKE was stabbed in the back, and it is believed the wound will prove fatal. MICHAEL ROURKE received a severe stab in the head, and PATRICK TRACY was stabbed in the groin. The wounds of these two are not considered dangerous. The injured persons were taken to the Station-house, and the necessary medical assistance rendered them. The deceased was a laborer, and resided in Eighty-second-street, near Third-avenue, where he leaves a family. The injured men are also laborers, and reside in the vicinity of the Gardens.

The conduct of ROURKE led to the row and fighting. He was a good deal intoxicated, and made great noise, rapping on the table fat which he was seated. He called on the band to play a tune, which they did. After they had finished playing, he called for a second tune, which the band refused to play. Their refusal incensed him, and he arose and started towards the Orchestra, using violent language and threats. He stumbled against an Italian woman, knocking her over. In an instant several Italians surrounded ROURKE, and, drawing knives upon him, cut him badly about the head. Several Irishmen rushed to ROURKE's assistance. Officer MEARIS arrested one of the Italians. MICHAEL COLLINS, one of the Irishmen, received a stab in the left thigh, severing the femoral artery. He fell, and died in a few moments. Three Policemen, who entered the place, were locked in by the Italians, and for some time were in imminent danger.

The names of the arrested parties are Martinott Guitane, Dominic Murfero, Dominic Fresso, Giuseppe Belier, Trebest Aligeio, Andreas Bolino, Stefano Bolino, Giuseppe Reston, Lisoero Jacomo, Johann Roma, Partlen Vignon, Fernando Francisco, James Tring, George Bartlett, George Sills, Leonido Ochee, Stefano Belli, Pietro Belli and Girardi Belli. The prisoners were all taken to the Nineteenth Ward Station-house, where they are still detained to await the result of the Coroner's Inquest.

It has been for some time suspected that the "Cosmopolitan Gardens" was a general rendezvous for thieves and burglars. Some twenty or thirty persons resided there without any visible means of support, and this fact induced a suspicion that it was worth while to take a look at the interior arrangements and contents of the house connected with the Garden. An examination was accordingly made of the place yesterday morning, and the result was that a large amount of silver ware, jewelry, clothing, blankets, pistols, slung-shots and burglars' tools were found on the premises. Among the clothing found were two coats of the peculiar construction of that worn by CARCERE at the time of his arrest. Some silver ware was found secreted under a pile of manure in the garden. Most of the goods were identified as the proceeds of several burglaries recently committed in the Ward. Among the property was about a wagon load of goods stolen some three weeks ago from the residence of Alderman McKenzie.

Coroner GAMMA entered upon the inquest yesterday at the Nineteenth Ward Station-house. After the impanelling of a jury an interpreter was sworn. Several witnesses were examined, but thus far nothing has been elicited indicating positively which are the guilty parties. Neither of the witnesses saw the beginning of the disturbance, but the facts stated above constitute the story told by the police, as communicated to them by parties who witnessed the affray and who will be sworn to-day. The following is the evidence thus far taken:

John N. Merrill sworn.—I am an officer attached to the Nineteenth Ward Police; about ten o'clock Sunday night I was on a Third-avenue car going up to my post; when I got to the neighborhood of the Cosmopolitan Gardens in Seventy-eighth-street, I heard the report of a pistol; hearing of the car I made inquiry and was told that a man had been shot in the Gardens; I went into the Garden and saw a number of excited people; they were some of them fighting; I saw Michael Rourke lying on the floor; he was wounded in the head; I had him removed to the Five Mile House; I then went into the house adjoining the Garden, where the proprietor of the Garden lives; the name of the proprietor is Dionysius Gomez; on my arrival at the house a man pointed out to me a person, apparently an Italian, who he said had wounded Rourke; I arrested the man and he was rescued by the crowd; the doors were closed and the crowd began to jump out of the window; I tried to get out of the door, but Ferdinand Francisco, now present, kept the door shut while I was endeavoring to get out; I heard some shots fired in the street by those who had left the house and garden; Martinoli Gaetano was in the affray; I jumped out of the window and went down to the Station-house to get a platoon of men; when I returned to the garden all was quiet outside; I saw deceased in a wagon opposite the *Five Mile House*; I endeavored to get into the garden, but the man inside would not open the doors; we then broke open the door and arrested the following persons: George King, who was in bed with his wife; George Sillo and Manuel Furzaz, Giavani Bravone, Joseph Gesell, Bartlet Palano, Jean Buerl, Rient Jerome, Bonnick Martill, Francisco, Angelo, Sebastiano, Esther Andres Follinari; we subsequently arrested another; the prisoners were all conveyed to the Station-house; after I got out of the house I saw a number of Italians; they said a lot of English and Irish leaders had come there to disturb them, and that they (the Italians) would kill them all.

George L. Green sworn.—I reside in Seventh-street, near Second-avenue; I stopped at the Cosmopolitan Gard

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MEXICO.

A Peculiar People—The Capture of Tampico as Seen by a Citizen—Military Movements near Guanajuato—No Prospect of Improvement—The Absurdities of Mr. Forsyth.

From Our Own Correspondent.

CITY OF MEXICO, *Sunday, Sept. 5, 1858.*

This is a wonderful country, and wonderful events are of daily occurrence; but as our wonders are of such a character of extravagance, I frequently feel delicate in relating them. In former letters I have impressed upon you the rapid decline of this country into settled anarchy. I think the point is now reached, for daily we hear new cases of plunder and outrage. Yesterday one of the Government Generals DAZA Y ARGUELLES, came here perfectly alone, having been abandoned by his troops at Tulancingo, after they were worsted by a horde of infuriated Indians from the district of Tuto. How many were killed in the affray does not appear, but it is as likely as any that there were precisely as many killed as wounded, and none of the latter. Fights in towns are rarely disastrous to life, unless some daring ("imprudent" the Mexicans call it) foreigner may be mixed up in the difficulty. He is certain to be put out of the way, for if he is not killed by the enemy he is sure to be shot by his own party, to furnish evidence of the great want of tact of any one in battle to expose himself to danger.

You will be struck with the force of what I say when you read the following extract of a letter from Tampico, giving an account of the late heroic reduction of that place by the troops from the frontier under Gen. CARBAJAL. As you will likely have heard of the fall of Tampico, I wish to call your attention to the way it was done. The following is an extract from a letter written by a Mexican gentleman the day after the battle, on the 27th ult.:

"Some days ago a priest came here, having communications from a federal chief to Gen. RAFAEL MIRAMON, who, after reflecting upon the matter, let himself, according to general opinion, be bribed by his enemies. This becomes more evident as having received orders from the Government to resign the command to Gen. MARIN, he did not do it till some four or five days after, when it is supposed he had settled all transactions. Early on the morning of the 25th he departed without the knowledge of any, and without waiting for the honors due to his rank. It seemed as if he had lit the match and withdrawn before the explosion, for on the evening of the same day the *Batallon Active de Tampico*, which was in possession of the stronghold of the city, pronounced for the *Federacion*, and began by shooting at their officers, as none desired to agree with them. Just after dusk the steamer *Guerrero* moved to the upper part of the river, to place itself in front of the revolted fortress, but no sooner was it there than it had to go back, as two twelve-pound shots were fired at it, and two others at the Government House.

From the hour the *pronunciamiento* took place, the faithful troops of the Government were arrayed before the Plaza, and about 10 o'clock at night they marched in guerrillas to attack their revolted brethren. Firing soon commenced, and lasted all night; heavy artillery resounded in all quarters of the city, and we understood that we were in a critical situation. Although we had a full moon at the time, it appeared so gloomy on account of the smoke, that daylight was greatly desired. At last the Aurora appeared, but to our disappointment it served only to give more activity to the firing—courage was renewed on both sides, but more on the side of the *pronunciados*, for, from their lofty fortress they perceived at a distance the *rifleros* and artillery of CARBAJAL coming to their aid. On their arrival a severe fighting took place, which soon decided in favor of the combined forces, not only on account of their number, but also because they were in possession of the best places and the greatest part of the artillery. A flag of truce was set up, but the federal forces paid no attention to it, and continued to march toward the plaza, where they briefly entered almost without resistance, as there were but 300 men of all arms, in opposition to 800 *pronunciados*, and about as many *fronterizos*, under CARBAJAL. All that were seized were taken to prison, the rest took refuge either on board the steamer *Guerrero*, or went to the Spanish steamers, which, two in number, had happily come a day before for the protection of their countrymen. On board the latter General MARIN had gone with many of his officers.

Immediately after great rejoicings took place, the bells were rung, the music, followed by the victorious forces, overran all the streets, discharging their muskets, and shouting, "*Viva Don Juan José de la Garza*," "*Viva la Libertad*," "*Muera la Reaccion*," &c.

Strange to say, and contrary to our expectation, no sacking or pillaging took place, and except some drunkenness, no disorder was committed.

About deaths, there have been but little, comparatively, to so much firing during ten hours; as far as I know there have been about fifteen on both sides, with the addition of five officers; but there have been about fifty or sixty wounded, most of them in a dying state.

Now a new order of things exists in this city, and time will show whether this or the last administration be better."

There you have the fall of Tampico, and the way it was done, represented by a Mexican gentleman and eye witness.

The only battles we have had, besides the above, as well as those we are likely to have soon, will be found described in the following extract, which I make from the letter of an English gentleman, at Guanajuato.—The letter is dated August 28th, and in relation to affairs there, says:—

"There is little news here. MIRAMON left some time ago, to get together the forces of Penas Gordas, MIRA MARIANO, &c., with which to march against the Blumas, who have retreated to San Pilipe, and intend to make a stand at the 'pass of San Bartolo,' where the nature of the ground favors their skirmishing style of warfare. An affair of small importance took place at San Miguel Allende the other day, between some Blumas and the avancedos of Penas Gordas, aided by the Leperos. We hear that 200 Leperos were killed; but do not know how many of the soldiers of either party perished in the affair."

I have letters from Oaxaca to the 17th ult. They say that a force of 2,000 was to have left that place on the following day, for Orizava, to attack the Government troops. They have not yet been reported on the road.

It would appear that, all things taken together, the Government must go down before this month passes, but, as a prominent member of the Government said to me, the other day: "No one in Mexico can tell what is going to happen." One thing is clear: let the Government go down or stay up, our position, socially, will not be changed. Revolutionizing is the only paying business in Mexico, and these people are not going to abandon it so long as it maintains its superiority over all branches of honest industry.

Mr. FORSYTH still remains with us, like the hairy man with "Sinbad, the Sailor." He is not, I believe, going to leave the country until the middle or last of next month. Mr. F. appears to like Mexico. It is a great pity the American Government could not leave him here. As Mrs. Toodles would say, he might be wanted some day, and then he would be so convenient. Really Mr. F.'s maneuvring here is too bad for an American representative.

MARKET REPORTS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Oct. 4, 1858—9 P. M.

The reported receipts of the leading kinds of Breadstuffs since noon of Saturday have been as follows:

	Hudson River boats.	Erie R. R.	Southern boats.	Total.
Ashes, bbls	73	58	—	131
Wheat Flour, bbls	20,196	9,948	6,282	36,426
Rye Flour, bbls	60	—	—	60
Wheat, bushels	31,230	—	3,493	34,723
Corn, bushels	31,728	—	—	31,728
Rye, bushels	6,042	—	—	6,042
Barley, bushels	8,700	—	—	8,700
Oats, bushels	8,957	—	—	8,957
Malt, bushels	11,392	—	—	11,392
Provisions, pkgs	2,005	565	100	2,670
Whisky, bbls	320	—	—	320

ASHES—Are quiet, yet stiffly held; Pots, $6; Pearls, $6 6[illegible] 12½ ⅌ 100 lbs.

Montreal Ashes Trade Statistics.

	1857.		1856.	
	Pots.	Pearls.	Pots.	Pearls.
Stock, Jan. 1	752	273	347	97
Receipts Jan. 1 to Oct. 1	14,192	7,230	16,849	5,020
Delivered Jan. 1 to Oct. 1	14,492	7,437	16,655	4,848
Stock, Oct. 1	452	273	542	467

BOOTS AND SHOES—We have no very important change to notice this week. Stocks are moderate, yet the assortment is good. The demand is fair, though it is not as brisk as it was earlier in the season. The inquiry for shipment is restricted. Prices are sustained. In Boston during the week, the demand from the South and West having nearly ceased, sales have been rather light, and stocks have been accumulating. First quality goods brought full prices. Strong leather. Poor goods were dull and heavy to move. Inquiry for the country trade was moderate. Shipments to date from the port of Boston have reached 1,208 cases Boots and Shoes to this [illegible]

[illegible]

COTTON—Has been quiet to-day, sales having been confined to 100 bales, at 10¾c. ⅌ lb., cash, and 10¾c. @11c. ⅌ lb., usual terms. No Rio arrived during the week. Stock of Rio in first hands, this evening, only 11,072 bags.

Stock of Coffee in Boston, Oct. 1.

	1857.	1858.
Total packages	7,614	4,625

In Baltimore, during the last week, 3,500 bags Rio were sold at 10½c. @11½c. ⅌ lb., reducing the stock there on Saturday to 10,100 bags Rio, and 700 bags of other kinds.

COTTON—Is less active, yet is quoted firm. Sales 1,500 bales.

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Uplands.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary	11	11	11	11
Middling	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
Middling Fair	13¾	13¾	14	14⅛

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market continues heavy and unsettled for State and Western Flour, the receipts being large and receivers urgent sellers. Prices have declined about 10c. ⅌ bbl., and they still tend downward. The demand is rather more active, partly for export, at the reduced figures; sales 9,500 bbls.

Unsound and rejected State, ⅌ bbl. $2 [illegible]–$2 25
Standard Superfine State 4 00 @ 5 10
Standard Extra State 5 20 @ 5 45
Superfine Western 4 00 @ 5 10
Fancy Ohio 5 15 @ 5 30
Extra Indiana and Michigan 5 20 @ 7 00
Extra Ohio 5 25 @ 7 00
Fancy Genesee 5 45 @ 5 75
Extra Genesee 5 75 @ 7 75
Low to very choice Extra Missouri 5 00 @ 8 25
Canadian is heavy and languid; sales 500 bbls. at $5 [illegible]@$5 10 for superfine; and $5 20@$6 40 for low to choice extra, ⅌ bbl. Southern continues in slack demand at easier prices; sales 1,200 bbls. at $4 40@$5 25 for rejected brands; $5 50@$6 75 for mixed and straight brands, and $5 30@$9 for low fancy to very choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour is quiet at $3 25@$4 12½ for fine to superfine, ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is moderate demand, mainly at $4 12½@$4 25 for Jersey, and $4 20@$4 25 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat is unsettled. The supply is fair, as also is the demand. Parties, however, disagree about prices. Hence business is restricted. The tendency of the market, however, is unmistakably in favor of buyers. Sales 37,500 bushels, including White Canada, at about $1 25; fair White Michigan, at $1 25; good Red Western, in store, at $1 20; good old Milwaukee Club, on terms not ascertained; prime to choice Red and Amber Southern, at $1 20@$1 22; choice White Kentucky, on private terms, and prime Red Kentucky, at $1 30 ⅌ bushel. Corn depressed and lower; sales 56,000 at 68c. @71c. poor to fair mixed Western; 72c. @74½c. for small lots of prime and very choice do.; 80c. @82c., for White Southern, and 85c. @86c. for small lots of yellow Southern, ⅌ bushel. Rye is in demand at 76c. @78c., but is generally held at 80c. ⅌ bushel. No important sales. Barley is more inquired for, and is much dearer; sales, to-day, 17,000 bushels, chiefly to arrive, at $1 12½@$1 25 ⅌ bushel. Oats are salable and firm. Western, at 48c. @50c.; Canada at 49c. @45c.; State at 45c. @50c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania, at 38c. @44c., and Southern, at 36c. @40c. ⅌ bushel.

HAY—Sales 750 bales, at 85c. @60c., cash, ⅌ 100 lbs.

GUNNY BAGS—Sales, in Boston, 257 bales, part to arrive, at 10½c. @11½c. each.

IRON—Sales: 50 tons Scotch Pig at $23 50@$23 ⅌ ton, usual credit.

LIME—Rockland, 80c. for common, and $1 for Lump, ⅌ bbl.

MOLASSES—Continues dull and heavy, 45c. @48c.; Porto Rico, 31c. @40c.; Cuba Muscovado, 30c. @30c.; Clayed Cuba, 32c. @36c. ⅌ gallon, usual terms.

Stock of Molasses in Boston, Oct. 1.

	1857. Hhds.	1857. Bbls.	1858. Hhds.	1858. Bbls.
Total	6,725	3,300	8,371	—

Stock of Molasses in Baltimore, Oct. 1.

	1857. Hhds.	1857. Tcs.	1858. Hhds.	1858. Tcs.
Total	1,300	164	177	

OILS—Linseed is in limited request and is heavy at 74c. @75c., cash, ⅌ gallon. Other kinds remain as last noticed.

PROVISIONS—Pork is depressed and prices favor buyers. Sales 370 bbls., in lots, at $16 60@$16 50 for Mess; and $14 75@$14 20 for prime, ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats are dull and heavy at 6¼c. for Hams, and 6c. @6¾c. for Shoulders, ⅌ lb. Bacon is in request, at about former quotations, including dry salted middles, at 9c. @10¼c.; short, clear, City-cured Middles at 10½c.; and smoked sugar-cured hams, at 12c. @14c. ⅌ lb. Lard is in fair demand, at however, easier rates. 350 tcs. and bbls. changed hands, in lots, at 11c. @11¼c., chiefly at 11c @11¼c. for fair to prime old, ⅌ lb. Beef is dull and irregular; sales 160 bbls., in lots, at $19@$14 for repacked Western Mess; $14 62½@$15, for extra do.; $10 50@$11 for Country Mess, ⅌ bbl. Butter is in good request, at 14c. @20c. for Ohio; 16c. @22c. for common to good State, and 24c. @27c. for prime to choice State, ⅌ lb. Cheese is in demand, at 4½c. @6¾c. ⅌ lb.

RICE—Is quiet, yet steady at from $3 62½ ⅌ 100 lbs.

SPICES—Sales in Boston, 1,000 bags Sumatra Pepper at 9½c.; and 450 bags Ginger at 4½c., cash, ⅌ lb., to be delivered in New-York.

SUGARS—Have been in good request, to-day, at somewhat firmer prices. Sales 975 hhds., nearly all Cuba, at 5¾c. @6c., and 500 boxes Havana at 7½c., ⅌ lb.

Stock of Sugars in Boston, Oct. 1.

	1857. Hhds.	1857. Boxes.	1857. Bbls.	1858. Hhds.	1858. Boxes.	1858. Bbls.
Total	9,700	15,725	16,763	8,115	301	10,508

Stock of Sugars in Baltimore, Oct. 1.

	1857. Hhds.	1857. Boxes.	1858. Hhds.	1858. Bbls.
Total	6,261	1,608	3,548	4,753

TALLOW—Sales have been reported to-day of 18,000 lbs. prime at 10¼c. @10¾c. ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—Sales 570 bbls., in lots, at 23c. @23c½., cash, ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been inactive to-day. For Liverpool the engagements included 1,000 bbls. Flour, at 1s. 6d. ⅌ bbl.; 23,000 bushels Corn, at 2¾d. ⅌ bushel; and 300 bales Cotton, at 5-32d. ⅌ lb. For Glasgow, a Prussian bark, with Flour, at 2s. 3d. ⅌ bbl.; and Grain, at 6½d. ⅌ bushel. For Bremen, 1,000 bbls. Rosin, at 1s. For the Gold Regions on the Pacific Ocean more freight has been offered, and rates were supported, including Measurement Goods, at 30c. @35c. for San Francisco; 27½c. @30c. for Sydney; and 35c. @37½c. for Melbourne, ⅌ foot. The number of vessels advertised here for these ports comprises 7 for San Francisco, 3 for Sydney, and 5 for Melbourne. The Boston *Shipping List* of Saturday last says: "There is more firmness in the rates of freight to California and larger offerings. The engagements have been at 27½c. @30c. ⅌ foot for measurement goods, $9@$10 ⅌ ton for coal, and 4c. @4½c. ⅌ lb. for dead weight. To Australia there is no change, with a fair amount offering. We quote measurement goods at 30c. ⅌ foot; lumber, $20@$22 50 ⅌ M; and dead weight $10 ⅌ ton."

The New Barracks at the Navy-Yard.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

You will really do a great service to the whole community, and especially to the United States marine forces who are periodically stationed at or near the port of New-York, by calling the attention of the Secretary of the Navy, (through the columns of your widely disseminated journal,) to the indisputable fact, that at the present time a stock-jobbing political movement is in progress at the Navy-yard of the city of Brooklyn, having for its *object* the construction of a Marine Barracks upon a *made* ground much more unhealthy than the "Dismal Swamp" was ever supposed to be.

Your humble correspondent respectfully suggests to you that such a contract, (if contract it be,) is not only disgraceful to the principal parties connected with it—in a national point of view—but is, moreover, *inhumane* to the good, brave and patriotic men who are known to constitute the marine corps of our common country.

If the President and his War Secretaries desire to establish a Marine Barracks in Brooklyn on a suitable location and upon proper ground, they can without difficulty find in the *immediate vicinity* of the Navy-yard all that will to them and the people be satisfactory—and at an expense of much less by many thousands of dollars than the present project will cost.

LEX.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

GEORGE R. JACKSON & CO.,
EXCELSIOR IRON WORKS,
Nos. 199 and 201 Centre-st.,
Nos. 1, 3 and 5 Howard-st., and
Nos. 117, 119 and 121 Elm-st.,
New-York.

Manufacturers of iron railing of all kinds for dwellings, cemeteries, parks, stoops, offices, &c.
Bank grating and window shutters.
Patent Prismatic Lights for vaults, areas, skylights, &c.
Enameled grates and tenders.
Corrugated iron roofs.
Having added a foundry to our works, we are prepared to furnish
Iron columns, beams, girders, and all kinds of castings for building purposes.
Specimens of our work can be seen at the Times Building, American Exchange Bank, Wilson G. Hunt's store, Park-place; Thomas Hunt's store, College-place.
United States Custom-Houses at Mobile, Savannah, Cleveland, Detroit, Newark, New-Haven, Pensacola and Richmond; United States Marine Hospitals at Detroit and Portland, and United States Assay Office, New-York.

WHEELER'S MACHINE HORSE-SHOE, handsome shape, durable; much superior to any hand-made, and fewer price. Depot at JOHN W. QUINCY & CO.'S, No. 98 William-st.

RUSSIA SHEET IRON.—500 PACKS ASSORTED numbers for sale in lots to suit purchasers, at a large reduction from market prices.
A. A. THOMSON, No. 215 Water-st.

TELEGRAPH WIRE—BEST QUALITY, ALL Kinds for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

THOMAS PIG IRON—SOFT, FREE, STRONG, and approved pattern for Scotch Pig.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, &c.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

MOUNT-HOPE CUT NAILS, SUPERIOR quality; sense better in market. Agents,
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

OAKES & SONS' SHOVELS & SPADES.—For sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., 98 William-st.

A EVERGREEN.—WEDDING CARDS.—THESE elegant Cards of Wedding engraved, can only be had at Gilbert's, Gilbert-place. Orders by mail attended to. Gilbert's engraved invitations.

DRY GOODS.

CARPETINGS, OIL-CLOTHS AND RUGS.
Imperial Velvet, Patent Tapestry and Medallion Carpetings. Also, three-ply Ingrains, Stair and LOW-PRICED CARPETINGS.
In every variety, including all the Newest Patterns.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 GRAND-ST.

FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS.
Brochés, Stellas, Cashmere, Woolen, &c., &c.
LARGE VARIETY—CHEAP!
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259, and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

WILL BE OPENED,
AT RETAIL,
ON
MONDAY, Oct. 4,
1,000 Pieces
ADDITIONAL
OF
RICH PRINTED MOUSSELINE DE LAINES,
At 12½ cents per Yard.
EDWARD LAMBERT & CO.,
No. 338 Broadway,
Corner of Worth-st.

AT THE
NEW RETAIL STORE,
No. 338 Broadway,
Corner of Worth-st.
EDWARD LAMBERT & CO.
will open on
MONDAY, Oct. 4, 1858,
NEW
SILKS,
SHAWLS and
DRESS GOODS,
From the recent large auction sales.
The best bargains of the season,
to which special attention is invited.

OPENING OF
CLOAKS,
SHAWLS,
MANTILLAS, &c.
Of the latest PARIS STYLES,
at
THE NEW RETAIL STORE,
No. 338 Broadway,
Corner of Worth-st.
ON
MONDAY, Oct. 4.
These goods are just received, and will be offered at
LOWEST CASH PRICES.
EDWARD LAMBERT & CO.

HOOP SKIRTS.
A great variety of styles, made of
FRENCH FANCY NETT, WITH STEEL SPRINGS,
A new and beautiful article, at
WHOLESALE ONLY.
E. S. MILLS & CO., Nos. 342 and 344 Broadway.

NEW FALL STOCK.
DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, &c.
CHEAP FOR CASH OR SHORT CREDIT.
CUMMINGS, SIMPSON & ARMSTRONG,
NO. 146 BROADWAY, CORNER OF LIBERTY-ST.

IRISH POPLINS, PLAID AND PLAIN,
in very rich colors
and new combinations.
Opened this morning by
BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 Broadway.

RIBBONS AT RETAIL.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. will open, on Monday, Oct. 4, the balance of their importation of Fancy Ribbons, and will close them out at a great reduction from regular prices.
Canal-st., corner of Mercer.

HONITON COLLARS, MALTESE COLLARS.
A fine assortment selling at half price.
Just received, a new invoice of
PINEAPPLE HANDKERCHIEFS,
BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway

CLOAK OPENING.
JAMES G. AITKEN
Will open his
ELEGANT STOCK OF CLOAKS
For Fall and Winter Wear,
ON THURSDAY NEXT, OCT. 7.
NO. 369 CANAL-ST.

THE MAGIC SHAWL, $7 50.
This article offers great advantages
TO THE WEARER.
Being a combination of four Shawls in one.
At BEEKMAN & COMPANY'S,
No. 473 Broadway.

CLOAKS.
FALL CLOAKS, MANTILLAS AND RAGLANS,
now on exhibition.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Canal-st., corner of Mercer.

BLACK LACE FALLS,
Round Corners.
Just received a large lot.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway.

469. RAGLANS. 469.
RAGLANS. RAGLANS.
A new and Very large assortment of
RAGLANS
will be offered on
Monday, Oct. 4,
At the new Cloak and Mantilla Store,
No. 369 Canal-st.,
Comprising Every Variety of Quality and Color,
LADIES' CLOTH RAGLANS,
as low as $2 75, $3 50 and $4.
BEAVER CLOTH,
at $4 50, $5, and $6, in all colors.
A fine Article of
BLACK BEAVER, at $5 and $6.
BLACK MIXED BEAVER, at $5 50.
TRICOB BEAVERS, in all colors, at $6 50.
FINE FRENCH CLOTH, at $7.
A Superior FRENCH BEAVER CLOTH, in Drabs, Browns and Grays,
at $6 50 lb.
Misses' Raglans in all sizes. $4.
H. EGERTON.

NEW CARPETS.
For Fall Trade.
AT REDUCED PRICES.
The subscriber is prepared to exhibit at his new and spacious stores, No. 273 Canal-st. and No. 21 Howard-st., New-York, a very fine assortment of Carpets in new patterns, viz.:
MEDALLION Carpets in various rich designs.

			New York
VELVET Carpets	$1 25	to	$1 50
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS Carpets	0 62½	to	1 12½
BRUSSELS Carpets	0 75	to	1 37½
THREE-PLY Carpets	0 87½	to	1 25
SUPER INGRAIN Carpets	0 62½	to	0 75
EXTRA FINE INGRAIN Carpets	0 45	to	0 55
COMMON INGRAIN Carpets	0 37½	to	0 37½

Twilled and plain Venetian Carpets, Oil-Cloths, Drugets, Rugs, Mats, Stair-rods, &c., &c.
At wholesale and retail.
GEO. E. L. HYATT,
No. 273 Canal-st. through to No. 21 Howard-st.,
Between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.
Also, sole agent for selling Auburn Power Loom and Auburn Prison-made Three-ply, Ingrain and Venetian Carpets.
N. B.—Carpets for Churches made to order.

CURTAIN MATERIALS, FURNITURE COVERINGS,
PAPER HANGINGS AND WINDOW-SHADE WAREHOUSE.
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 289 Broadway,
Have now in store for exhibition to the
RETAIL TRADE,
The largest and richest assortment of the above Goods,
OF THIS SEASON'S Iimportation,
to be found in the City.
Being practical Upholsterers and Paper Hangers, we are prepared to execute every style of work in that business, as we EMPLOY NONE BUT THE MOST SKILLFUL WORKMEN.

MOURNING GOODS.
UNRIVALED DISPLAY.
Every department filled with the very choicest goods, being selected (as hitherto) with the greatest care. Families can depend on finding at this house the most desirable goods at prices which defy competition.
W. JACKSON, Mourning Store,
No. 341 Broadway, between Spring and Prince-sts.

AUCTION EMBROIDERIES.
A large lot of Paris-trimmed Embroideries, Breakfast Sets, Handkerchiefs and Collars, just received from auction, at half their original cost. Also,
Paris and Nancy Embroideries, of our own importation, in extensive variety, and warranted the latest styles, purchased at cash prices.
MILLER & GRANT, No. 769 Broadway.

MOURNING BONNETS!
CLOAKS and SHAWLS!
A very large and elegant assortment now open.
AT W. JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE,
No. 341 Broadway, between Spring and Prince-sts.

JAMES GRAY & CO. HAVE JUST OPENED NEW GOODS, received per Arabia.
Silks, Poplins, Velvets, Merinos, &c.
Silk Robes in 2, 3 and 4 Flounces.
Robes à Lés and double Jupe.
No. 769 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

LINEN TABLE CLOTHS—DAMASK AND Linen, selected stock and qualities; a job lot for sale at an early price. Dress Linens, &c.
WM. MATHEWS,
No. 84 Catharine-st.

1,000 PAIRS OF FRENCH WOVE CORSETS, $1 a pair. Not patterns.
FORBES & CO., No. 120 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

CHARLES STREET & CO.,
No. 475 Broadway,
Specialists in Shawls.
In addition to an extensive assortment of
BROCHE LONG AND SQUARE SHAWLS,
RAYE AND STELLAS,
Scotch and French, all wool, long, square and round Shawls.
Basket Cloth.
We are exhibiting a variety of styles of Shawls in GENUINE GOATS' HAIR AND CASHMERE WOOL RAYE—NOVELTIES TO BE FOUND IN NO OTHER STORE IN THE CITY, and purchased in Europe by the COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE at Paris.
On Monday we shall open 2,000 Stella Shawls, bought at the great auction sale of shawls on Friday.
Handsome styles at $4, $5 and $6 each.
CHARLES STREET & CO.,
No. 475 Broadway.

THE GREAT INVENTION.
CLOTHING WITHOUT SEAM.
PATENTED.
MANUFACTURED ONLY AT MAYHEW'S, BY THE SEAMLESS CLOTHING MANUF'G CO.
DEPOT,
NO. 30 MURRAY-ST., NEW-YORK.
Over-coats, Business Coats, Pilot Coats, Pea-Jackets, Pants, Vests, Men's and Women's Leggings, Shoes, Gaiters, Mittens, &c., of great variety and most desirable styles. These fabrics are woven in the wool without any seam—will always retain their shape; and for strength, warmth, durability, cheapness, and every other desirable quality, are superior to any other style of Clothing.
Dealers invited to call and examine. Goods shown with pleasure.

BRODIE'S
GRAND OPENING
FOR
FALL AND WINTER
GARMENTS,
ON
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1858,
AT
NO. 300 CANAL-ST.,
AND
NO. 479 BROADWAY.

CHARLES STREET & CO., NO. 475 BROADWAY.
SPECIALITE IN CLOAKS.
GREAT ASSORTMENT OF
CLOAKS.
In every desirable style, quality and price.
In addition to our large importations of Paris garments, which we receive by every steamer, we daily present
NOVELTIES, ORIGINAL AND ELEGANT.
Our stock is now replete with the most
SELECT, CHOICE, RICH AND BEAUTIFUL
CLOAKS, PRINCESS WRAPPERS, OPERA CLOAKS, AND RAGLANS.
Ever exhibited.
CHARLES STREET & CO., No. 475 Broadway.

CARPETINGS AND OIL-CLOTHS FOR CASH.
The undersigned, having become associated with the Cash Jobbing House of
Messrs. J. P. & H. L. CRANFORD,
No. 304 Broadway,
Respectfully invites his friends and the public to call and examine their stock of
CARPETINGS, LATELY SELECTED FOR CASH,
Consisting of
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
AUBUSSON BRUSSELS,
THREE-PLY SUPER AND EXTRA FINES,
HEMPS, DRUGGETS,
PLAIN AND TWILLED VENETIANS,
OIL-CLOTHS OF ALL WIDTHS,
RUGS, MATTING, &c., &c.
All of which will be sold at 10 per cent less than at any other house in this City, in quantities to suit customers.
Close buyers are invited to call at No. 304 Broadway, corner of Duane-st.
DAVID WEBB.

DOMESTIC GOODS AND FLANNELS.
Bleached and Brown Sheetings, Shirtings, Drillings, Canton Flannels, Bed Ticking, Apron Checks, &c., &c.
Also, All-Wool English, American and Shaker Flannels.
RETAILED AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES!
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

HONITON SETS.
MEDALLION SETS,
POINT ALENCON SETS,
POINT APPLIQUE SETS, PUFF LACE SLEEVES,
EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS.
A beautiful assortment at low prices.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway.

CHEAP FALL DRESS GOODS.
Poplins, Valencias, Cashmeres, De Laines, Crossovers, Merino, Paramattas, Lustres, &c., &c.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
and Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

QUILTS, BLANKETS AND COUNTERPANES,
Full assortment of sizes and qualities.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

THE GRAND AUTUMN OPENING
OF THE LEADING FASHIONS FOR
LADIES AND CHILDREN
WILL TAKE PLACE AT
GENIN'S BAZAAR,
On THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 23.
The choicest goods will be displayed in the following departments:
LADIES' AND MISSES' BONNETS AND HEAD DRESSES,
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY,
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
CHILDREN'S FANCY HATS,
INFANTS' WARDROBES,
BOYS' HATS AND CAPS,
BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING,
LADIES' MORNING ROBES,
CLOAKS AND TALMAS,
GENTS' AND BOYS' FURNISHING GOODS,
GENIN'S FALL STYLE OF GENTS' HATS.
GENIN'S BAZAAR, No. 513 Broadway,
St. Nicholas Hotel.

MOURNING GOODS
FROM AUCTION.
Consisting of two cases RICH BLACK SILKS, without lustre, for Dress Mourning, $1 25 per yard, worth $1 75.
2 cases PLAID, very desirable, 70 cents, worth $1.
2 cases STRIPE and PLAID, very desirable, 50 cents, worth $1 00.
3 cases FINE BOMBAZINES, 75 cents, worth $1.
1 cases FINE BOMBAZINES, 38 cents, worth $1 25.
2 cases BLACK THIBET, very handsome, 62½ cents, worth $1.
2 cases CUBAN CLOTH, 1¼ yards wide, 50 cents, worth 87½ cents.
Observe—W. JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE,
No. 341 Broadway, between Spring and Prince-sts.

LINEN SHEETINGS, TABLE DAMASKS, NAPKINS, &c.
TUESDAY, OCT. 5.
PATON & CO.
Will offer at retail their new Fall stock of
Napkins, Quilts, Table Damasks,
Linen Sheetings, Towelings, Shirtings, Linens,
HUCKABACKS, NAPKINS, BLANKETS,
Real Welsh and Unshrinkable Flannels.
At a reduction from their usual price.
All the best makes of Sheeting, Muslins,
And Cotton Shirting.
No. 341 Broadway.

GRAND OPENING
OF LADIES' CLOAKS,
On TUESDAY, Oct. 5, 1858,
AT GENIN'S BAZAAR.
The new and elegant assortment
WILL BE OPENED THIS DAY
For the exposition of
LADIES' CLOAKS,
Embracing the richest assortment in
VELVETS, BEAVERS AND CLOTHS.
GENIN'S BAZAAR,
No. 513 Broadway,
St. Nicholas Hotel.

DRESS GOODS
AND
SHAWLS.
BOOTH & TUTTLE,
Corner of Chambers, Church and Warren sts.
Are receiving daily new and desirable styles of goods in their line.
Confining themselves to DRESS GOODS and SHAWLS, they are able to offer a great variety, to which they invite the attention of buyers, for cash or short credit.

JAMES A. HEARN,
Will open
THURSDAY, Oct. 7,
An elegant assortment of
CLOAKS AND RAGLANS,
in exclusive styles,
AND SUITED TO THE BEST TRADE.
Customers will receive the best attention.
NO. 375 BROADWAY,
Above Bond-st.

AT FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE,
ELEGANT PINEAPPLE DRESS GOODS; Lotus; SEERSUCKERS; Cancan; CRAPES; Muslins; PONGEES; Sarsnets; WARP SILKS; Lasteres; Warp; CANTON CHINA; JAPANESE and CHINESE CURIOSITIES; FANS; Screens, &c.; WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Also, AMERICAN INDIAN FANCY ARTICLES.
NO. 335 BROADWAY.

JAMES GRAY & CO. HAVE NOW OPENED
a superb selection of
REAL LACES AND FRENCH EMBROIDERIES.
Imported expressly for the retail trade, of exclusive styles, which cannot be found elsewhere.
No. 769 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

LADIES' CLOTHS!!
BLACKS, BROWNS AND MIXTURES,
AT A LARGE DISCOUNT FROM
REGULAR PRICES.
L. A. SWEETSER & CO.,
No. 41 and 43 Warren-st.

RIBBONS, RIBBONS, RIBBONS.—THE cheapest place to buy ribbons in the City. Choice good goods sold for cash, are two of the reasons why they are so cheap; a lot ribbon for 3c. 6d., a lot 6c. 6d., lot 12c. 6d.; the proof of which can be seen on calling. Goods warranted as represented, full three feet to the yard. Store No. 102 Bowery, near Grand-st. Milliners from the country will do well to call.
L. P. HERALD.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

STATIONERY BUSINESS FOR SALE.—In the city of Brooklyn, a well established business, in a variety of the best locations. Inquire Corner of Fulton and Pearl-sts., Brooklyn, E. D., or Box No. 3, Post-Office.

$5,000.—PATENT.—AN INVENTION IS offered to the public for Amazing cash and cheap in law to an enterprising party. Address, Box No. 3, Brooklyn, E. D.

$3,500.—PARTNER WANTED—WITH THE cash, in this City, well established, with good profits, excellent prospects. Apply at the office of WHEELER & CO., No. 10 Nassau-st., Room No. 2, second floor.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES of the old-established drug store, formerly occupied by C. Smith, deceased. This is an opportunity not to be met with. Business well established and profitable. Will be given low for cash. Apply on premises, No. 377 Greenwich-st.

GROCERY FOR SALE.—THE STOCK, FIXTURES, &c., of the excellent stand on the corner of Canal-st. and Broadway. The business will be sold very low for cash, or to a good capitalist. Apply to SAMUEL C. BROOKS, 48 Beekman-st., New-York.

TO PHYSICIANS.—OFFICE PRIVILEGES in the profession. Either a physician or a student would be a desirable partner. Address CONFIDENTIAL, Box No. 32 Times Office.

$250.—PARTNER WANTED—IN AN OLD-established business, paying over $50 per day net profit. A partner can be given that will pay for himself in one year, paying interest. Apply to CLARK & CO., No. 402 Broadway.

TO RENT.—A BULKHEAD OF SEVENTY-FIVE feet, between Leroy and Morton sts., North River.

POLITICAL.

AMERICAN STATE NOMINATIONS.

LORENZO BENEDICT,
For Governor.
ALBERT H. SCRIPTURE,
For Lieutenant-Governor.
WILLIAM A. KORNER,
For Secretary of State.

DANCING.

A. DODSWORTH'S
DANCING ACADEMIES,
No. 308 Broadway, New-York.
No. 181 Montague-place, Brooklyn.
Will commence in New-York on SATURDAY, Sept. 24.
In Brooklyn on THURSDAY, Oct. 6.
SOCIETY DANCING, Oct. 6.
SOCIETY EVENING, Oct. 8.
YOUNG GENTLEMEN'S EVENING, Oct. 4.
YOUNG LADIES' EVENING, Oct. 5.
MISS ANNIE ROBERTSON
MR. GEORGE JOHNSON
MR. COLEMAN FOYE
MISS ADA CLIFTON
MR. WHITING
MR. BOSTWICK.
MR. A. DODSWORTH.

MRS. SEGUIN'S FRENCH DANCING OF THE NEW DRAMA
SECOND NIGHT OF THE NEW DRAMA
MRS. SEGUIN'S DANCING ACADEMY
MR. GEORGE JOHNSON
MISS ADELE ROBERTSON
Will open for the Winter Season on Monday, Sept. 26, at 8 o'clock, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, Brooklyn, E.D., and Monday, Oct. 3, at 8 o'clock, at Apollo Hall, Manhattan.
Mrs. Seguin's classes for young ladies and misses will commence on Saturday, Oct. 2, at 3 o'clock, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, Brooklyn, E.D., and Saturday, Oct. 3, at 3 o'clock, at Apollo Hall, Manhattan.
Mr. Seguin's classes for young gentlemen will commence on Tuesday and Friday at 8 o'clock evening, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, Brooklyn, E.D., and Wednesday and Saturday at 8 o'clock evening, at Apollo Hall, Manhattan.
Mr. Seguin's Dancing Academy for Adults, commencing on Monday, Oct. 4, at 8 o'clock evening, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, Brooklyn, E.D., and Tuesday, Oct. 5, at 8 o'clock evening, at Apollo Hall, Manhattan.
Mr. Seguin's Dancing Academy for Children, commencing on Saturday, Oct. 2, at 3 o'clock, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, Brooklyn, E.D., and Saturday, Oct. 3, at 3 o'clock, at Apollo Hall, Manhattan.
Mr. Seguin's Dancing Academy for Children, commencing on Saturday, Oct. 2, at 3 o'clock, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, Brooklyn, E.D., and Saturday, Oct. 3, at 3 o'clock, at Apollo Hall, Manhattan.
Mr. Seguin's classes for young ladies and misses will commence with the following dances and the public have the dances will commence with the following dances and the public have the dances will commence with the following dances and the public have the dances

[illegible]

[illegible] Tuesday, Oct. 4, 1859.

[illegible]

[illegible] Evening.

[illegible] THEATRE—[illegible]

[illegible] THEATRE—LONDON ASSURANCE—[illegible]

[illegible] THEATRE—[illegible] JACK—RAGGI—[illegible]

[illegible] NATIONAL THEATRE—[illegible]

[illegible] GARDEN—PANTOMIME.

[illegible] AMERICAN MUSEUM—[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Mail Steamship Moses Taylor. Mail closes at [illegible] P. M. This paper will contain the [illegible] of the steamship *Austria*—Fearful [illegible] of the disaster; statements of [illegible] Mr. Vesey, and others; with [illegible] of Foreign and Domestic Intelligence [illegible] also the sailing of the last steamer [illegible] Reports of all public Meetings, &c.; [illegible] Affairs; full lists of Marriages and [illegible] Editorial Articles on Current Topics; and a great amount of Miscellaneous Matter.

Papers in wrapper, ready for mailing, 5 cents per copy. Agents will please send in their orders as early as possible.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The [illegible] received relative to the Norwegian [illegible] seen in the vicinity of the burning steamship *Austria*, have proved to be well founded.—[illegible] (and here, as reported) arrived at Quebec on Sunday, and proves to be the *Catarina*, from [illegible] forty-three days on the passage. She reports that at 2 o'clock, A. M., on the [illegible] she fell in with the burning wreck, and took off twenty-two persons in all—[illegible] and six of the crew. This increases the list of the saved to ninety, and reduces that of the lost to 470. It is to be hoped that this [illegible] may be still further reduced. [illegible] of the disaster will be found [illegible] the narrative of one of the rescued [illegible] which we publish elsewhere.

[illegible] *Liverpool*, KEARNEY, from London, [illegible] yesterday, reports, Sept. 23, in [illegible] 49° 10', lat. 7°, P. M., during a [illegible] that they run down the schooner *Arctic*, [illegible]. Two men belonging to the [illegible] were drowned in attempting to get on [illegible] the ship. Their names were FRANK JOSEPHS and [illegible] COLLINS. The schooner was abandoned [illegible] that time, in the hold; the crew re-[illegible] the ship.

[illegible] at the City of Mexico sends [illegible] interesting narrative of the recent capture [illegible] from a resident eye-witness. The ex-[illegible] state in Mexican affairs has not yet been [illegible], though the absolute desperation of the [illegible] Party would seem certain to produce it [illegible]. It is rumored that he relies upon [illegible] with the friends of SANTA ANNA for [illegible]. The report gathers credibility from [illegible] received from Havana of [illegible] of the Ex-Dictator being *en route* [illegible]. If trustworthy, we are to expect [illegible] of the Conservative [illegible] by some of its ablest leaders, ECHEARAYA [illegible] the number. It was supposed, at the [illegible] that the decisive battle between the [illegible] and Retrogressives had been [illegible] somewhere between San Luis Potosi and [illegible].

[illegible] dates reach to the 29th inst. The [illegible] seems to be prosecuted with renewed [illegible]. The American ship *Hesdor*, of this port, [illegible] landed a full cargo at Cardenas without [illegible] opposition; and other large arrivals are [illegible] to by our correspondent. The health of [illegible] was good.

[illegible] reliable source we have information that [illegible] PRESTON, of Kentucky, has received and accepted the appointment of Minister [illegible].

[illegible] Expedition, under Lieut. [illegible] the great solar eclipse [illegible] Paraguay on the 30th of [illegible] a temporary [illegible] [illegible] to give proper change, without [illegible] to travel the entire route in [illegible]. A resolution was adopted re-[illegible] Corporation Counsel to report why he [illegible] proceedings to cause the payment [illegible] Porter Judgment." During the session [illegible] was served with an injunction, restrain-[illegible] from repealing the Ordinance prohibiting [illegible] of steam on Fourth-avenue, below Forty-[illegible] street. The injunction was referred to [illegible] Committee on Arts and Sciences.

[illegible] Board of Councilmen, last evening, an [illegible] concurring the Common Council from [illegible] to the repeal of the ordinance [illegible] the use of steam below Forty-second-[illegible] was served on the Clerk of the Board, and [illegible] referred to the Counsel for the Corporation. The [illegible] are D. W. WHITNEY and wife, and [illegible] differs from a former injunction only [illegible] that it distinctly charges the railroad com-[illegible] with bribery. An ineffectual effort was [illegible] Councilman BRADY to exclude the Depu-[illegible] from a seat he had taken among the [illegible] of the Board. The report of the Special [illegible] on the Yellow-Fever Hospital at the [illegible] was brought up, received and ordered [illegible]. A motion directing counsel to in-[illegible] proceedings against TERENCE FAR-[illegible] recovery of the sum of $4,308, was [illegible] Councilman CROES as emphati-[illegible] that if any money were [illegible] PARSLEY, and not from him [illegible] of routine business [illegible] Councilman CROES in contempt [illegible] rules, and in the [illegible] the Board unexpectedly [illegible] Thursday.

[illegible] Quarantine [illegible] for a perfect Quar-[illegible] Commissioners [illegible] Quarantine [illegible] Commissioners [illegible] Quarantine [illegible] Commissioners [illegible] Quarantine [

[illegible] at the South.

[illegible], Monday, Oct. 4.

The Health Officer reports 64 deaths from fever [illegible] Saturday, inclusive.

[illegible], Monday, Oct. 6.

[illegible] yesterday, numbered 4, of which two were from yellow-fever.

There were no deaths from fever to-day.

New-Orleans, Monday, Oct. 6.

The deaths from fever, yesterday, were 42, and for the week they footed up 320.

Railroad Accidents.

ACCIDENT ON THE MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Monday, Oct. 4.

The cars on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad ran off the track near Huntsville, on Saturday, several persons were wounded, but none fatally.

ACCIDENT ON THE PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD.

BALTIMORE, Monday, Oct. 4.

The train from Philadelphia due here at 3 o'clock this morning was detained till 6 o'clock, by running off the track at Perryville. The baggage car was [illegible] the track, and Patrick McGinz, a baggage-master, killed, and another, named Jarsa, severely injured. None of the passengers were injured.

Non-Arrival of the Nova Scotian.

HALIFAX DE LOUR, C. E., Monday, Oct. 6.

There are yet no signs of the steamship *Nova Scotian*, now over due, with Liverpool dates of the 22d ult., four days later.

QUARANTINE AFFAIRS.

They Burn Infected Private Houses.

The Construction Committee, on the part of the Commissioners of Emigration, visited Quarantine yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of locating the new hospitals, workshops, offices and other buildings necessary for a perfect Quarantine. The hospitals are to be built of brick, stone and slate, and one story high. The dwellings, offices, &c., are to be constructed of the same materials, but are to be larger and more substantial and commodious than those destroyed by the "Sepoys."

The hospitals to be built, and which are under contract, are not large, as well as the offices and residences, but are only much better designed, but far better arranged on the grounds than those which were destroyed by the torch of the mob. Much care has been bestowed upon this matter by the Committee of Construction with a view to obviate all objections in respect to the proximity of hospitals to each other, and to the surrounding walls of the institution.

The upper part of the Quarantine grounds where the old shanties were, and where the new hospitals are to be erected, yesterday presented a lively scene. Scores of laboring men, mechanics and their "bosses" were there, busily engaged in preparing the grounds for the new structures, the most of which are to be erected within the next two months—the hospitals and offices to be in readiness by the 1st of November.

The ferry-boat *Josephine* will leave the barge office wharf this morning at 10 o'clock, and proceed down the Bay to "Orchard Shoals" and Seguine's Point. It will be under the control of Messrs. HALL, BOWNE and BARRON, the Quarantine Commissioners, and it is said that they will be accompanied by the State officers, and many persons who were expected to be friends of the "ark project" of the Commissioners. This step on the Quarantine Commissioners is pleasing to the citizens of Tompkinsville, Stapleton and Clifton. They desire the success of the floating hulks or arks, because if they are a success they will get rid of the hospitals; but the Islanders in the west end of the Island do not like the ark movement so well. They fancy that they see in the Orchard Shoal Cresent-Basin matter something that points to the occupation of Seguine's Point for Quarantine purposes.

Staten Island, on Sunday night, was again the theatre of fresh excitement, growing out of several incendiary fires in the vicinity of Clifton. About 12 o'clock a house on Townsend-avenue was set on fire and burned to the ground. Three adjoining buildings and a carpenter's shop were also destroyed. They were, with the property of Wm. B. Townsend, Esq. At 9 o'clock on Sunday evening, the blacksmith shop of J. Quinn was discovered to be on fire, which was destroyed. About 12 o'clock the same night, the two-story frame buildings known as "Stillwell's" were also destroyed. The house of Widow Cozzes was also set on fire, but was extinguished. It is supposed these acts of incendiarism are connected with the Quarantine disturbances, as the buildings destroyed were, or had been, used by parties who died of yellow fever. One man has been arrested and sent to Richmond Jail.

The whole population were kept in a state of alarm throughout the night. The church and steamboat bells were rung, and there was extensive excitement. The German wreckers who fire these buildings, affect to believe that they are thus stopping the spread of disease, whereas, if the theory of their physicians, Drs. Henry and Armstrong, is correct, the infection is in the clothing stowed upon the wings of flame; being the "[illegible] particles of bituous matter" floating in the atmosphere, infecting all who inhale them. It is *fear* and not flame that must put a stop to the ravages of yellow jack. It has been given out, that every house where sickness has occurred must be purged by fire. These losses fall heavily upon the owners of no equity, as the insurance companies, if is understood, will not pay for property burned by the mob.

Convention of German Societies.

Yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, the delegates to the National Convention of German Societies, which has been in session in this City for several days, met again in Pythagoras Hall, Canal-street, near the Bowery. Messrs. UHLICH and HEZEIG, delegates from St. Louis, appeared for the first time, and took their seats. Mr. SCHWARZMAN occupied the Chair.

Mr. [illegible] resumed the discussion as to the most judicious means of obtaining better security for personal property to the emigrant on his voyage from Europe to this country. He submitted a petition to be sent to Congress, asking for the passage of an act to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate the carriage of passengers in steamships and other vessels," passed March 3, 1855.

The amendments suggested in the petition were, as stated, to the following effect:

First, That sufficient room be assigned for female passengers in the steerage, and that their apartments be kept separate and distinct from those occupied by men, with the exception of married women and their husbands, and members of the same family.

Second, That every ship carrying more than a hundred steerage passengers shall be required to employ, in the steerage, a competent physician, having a diploma from a medical college duly authorized to confer the same, and that he be practically familiar with the epidemic diseases.

Third, That the Captain shall take charge of the property of passengers who may die on the voyage, deliver the same to the consignee of the vessel, on his arrival, and hand over his receipt therefor to the Consul of the country to which the deceased belonged, to be given by the Consul to the legal heirs.

The memorial, as reduced to the above shape, was adopted after short discussion.

A letter was received from Hon. JOHN COCHRANE, stating that in his capacity as Surveyor of the Port, he had had ample experience of the abuses of the emigrant trade, and that he had prepared a bill for the protection of European emigrants to this country, which he meant to submit to the next Congress.

He expressed his sympathy with the objects of the Convention, and offered his services to aid in carrying out their views.

Mr. Cochrane's letter excited some discussion, but elicited a vote of thanks.

At half o'clock an adjournment took place.

The afternoon session commenced at 2½ P. M. The Chairman, Mr. SCHWARZMAN, Consul of Bremen in Baltimore, asked leave to resign, on the ground that being the only representative from Baltimore, he occupying the position of presiding officer was incompatible with his duty to his constituents.

As Mr. SCHWARZMAN had, by his persistent opposition to every project having in view the passage of laws by Congress calculated to interfere with the existing regulations as foreign emigrant vessels, failed in making himself exceedingly popular, his resignation was accepted *nemine*.

Mr. HAMMONDS, of New-York, was then moved to the vacant chair, and was elected unanimously.

Mr. HEZEIG, of St. Louis, offered a resolution to the effect that captains of emigrant ships be made responsible for the baggage of absent passengers, as well as for that of first and second cabin passengers, and that they be held responsible for the punctual delivery of such baggage on the arrival of the ship, and for any loss sustained therein by fraud or negligence.

This was adopted.

The Convention then took up the question as to the most effective means of preventing the frauds practised on newly-arrived emigrants in their transit by railroad from the port of arrival to their destination in the interior.

This subject was under discussion when the Convention adjourned for the day. They meet again to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SOUTH AMERICA.

[illegible] Paz, Peru, Monday, Aug. 30, 1856.

There are doubtless many persons who have an interest in the whereabouts and doings of their relatives connected with Lieut. GILLISS, sent out to take observations on the approaching Solar Eclipse. As I accompany him in his mission I may be able to give a few details of the Expedition thus far, which will be interesting.

We are here temporarily, preparatory to making a journey inland to take a final station within the limits of *totality*. I was somewhat surprised on arriving, to find the place in such a prosperous state of business. To get as good an idea of Payta as I can give, imagine a bay some twenty-five miles in circumference, surrounded by sand banks, from the summits of which immense plateaux run back into the interior as far as the eye can reach. At the foot of these hills lies the town of Payta, consisting principally of huts. The bay is, and has been, for many years the resort of whaling vessels in the Southern Pacific. They come in often for fresh supplies, merely running in and cruising about the harbor till their object is effected; they then depart without having come to anchor.

I said the town consisted *principally* of mud huts, but it can also boast some really fine buildings. The Custom-House, built of iron, is about sixty feet square and forty feet in height, and standing at the edge of the bay, materially aids in giving an appearance of dignity to the town. There is, also, a spacious warehouse for the receipt of Government goods, which, with the Custom-House, was shipped from England in sections. At the other end of the town, are a grist mill and an oil press, each worked by steam. I am told, that at the mill they grind over one hundred and twenty quintals per day. The wheat is imported from Chili, thereby saving a heavy duty on flour. The presses were erected for the purpose of extracting the oil from the *piscon* bean, which was reported to grow in great abundance in the interior; but from either the scarcity of the bean or the laziness of the people, there has not been enough brought for active operations of the establishment. It is now employed in expressing castor oil from beans found in great plenty.

So much for Payta's public works at the present time. There is a plan on foot for the introduction of water into the town from the river Chira, through iron pipes, over a distance of twenty miles. The plans are already made, but being in the hands of the Government they do not progress very rapidly.

As to the private residences, besides the mud huts there are some really handsome houses, and well furnished, having often their pianos, and respectable performers thereon, which one would hardly expect to see here.

The great curse of Payta and of the adjacent country is the absence of water. It scarcely, if ever, rains here, and the inhabitants are rejoiced if they get one shower a year. The last "good rain" took place in 1845, and the people since then have "lived in hopes" of another. At that time the plateau of which I spoke above, stretching back into the country, and which now is as barren as the sea-beach, actually had vegetation on it some feet in height. In truth, the soil is unusually fertile, owing to the vast deposits of fossiliferous lime, and it only needs water to convert the surrounding country into blooming and productive gardens. Even the drinking water is brought from the Chira, a small mule called the *burro* being used for the transportation.

Payta is the seat of hospitality. Immediately upon our arrival and presenting of introductory letters, we were invited to private houses, and treated with great attention and kindness. We were strangers, but our being *Americans* seemed to be literally a passport.

Lieutenant GILLISS is, I believe, the only astronomer on the coast prepared to observe the approaching eclipse. It is desirable that others were here, that more extensive and accurate observations might be obtained by taking different stations. As Lieut. G. brought with him a duplicate set of instruments, he has tendered the use of them to a French naval officer, who will proceed to Sechura, a little town about thirty miles to the southward, and endeavor to obtain reliable results. But, at this season of the year, there are generally clouds in the atmosphere, and these threaten to frustrate the enterprise. By going up the Cordilleras, however, we hope to escape the influence of clouds and fogs, though even there we have reason to fear an interruption. Still we are sanguine of success, and will not give up till we see a cloudy morning on the 7th of September. Should that occur, the main object of the journey will have been lost.

WANDERER.

Assistant District Attorney Sedgwick and the Case of Mulligan.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The TIMES of the 2d inst., in an editorial, made reflection upon Assistant District Attorney SEDGWICK's relations to the MULLIGAN conviction, which a large number of gentlemen, professional and lay, who are somewhat conversant with the subject of the editorial, believe to be exceedingly unjust and ungenerous. Especially so, when the Press is sure to let the public know when it thinks a public officer deserving of censure; and scarcely ever is fair enough to praise his successes and good points. You editorial has a tendency to make the public believe that Mr. SEDGWICK suffered the occasion of the MULLIGAN sentence to pass without any action on his part; moreover, it thinks that he sympathized with Judge RUSSMUR's action. The following is a correct report of what Mr. S. did, (taken, as you will perceive by the slip, from a contemporary:)

Mr. SEDGWICK, Assistant District-Attorney, in reply, contented himself by reading Mr. WEBB's affidavit, in which he distinctly swears that the prisoner asked him if he was armed, to which he replied that he was not; and thereupon the prisoner beat and kicked him; and that his putting his hand to his pocket was not for the purpose of taking out a pistol, but merely to take out a pocket handkerchief, to wipe the blood from his face. Mr. SEDGWICK was evidently much heated, and read the passage in which MULLIGAN's violence was more markedly shown, in a voice which rang through the Court.

After affidavits are read on a motion for judgment, whether in mitigation or in aggravation of punishment, the prisoner is asked what he has to say why sentence should not be passed upon him. If he is able to speak for himself he does so; if not, counsel is allowed to do so in his stead. This Mr. SHELDS did. You find fault that Mr. SEDGWICK did not reply. For him to have done so would have been unprecedented and indecorous. Indeed, prosecuting officers have never been expected to interfere one way or the other with the judgment of the Court. Their duty ends with conviction and *motion* for judgment. Their further interference, except to *read opposing* affidavits when furnished by complainants, is regarded as indelicate to the Bench, and unjust to the prisoner. I once knew an Attorney-General to poll a Jury on a verdict of acquittal, but I never heard it intimated, before your editorial appeared, that a prosecuting officer was expected to inflame the mind of the Court against a prisoner or to answer him or his counsel upon the pleas in mitigation of punishment. And some who are conversant with criminal law have thought that Mr. SEDGWICK's tone in reading the Webb affidavit was entirely uncalled for.

Mr. SEDGWICK could not object to the reading of affidavits in mitigation of punishment. Ever since the case of the People *vs.* Smith, 2 Wheeler, Crim. Cases, they have been allowed. In sentences for assaults the inquiry by the Court is, Were they committed with premeditation or in sudden passion? The Mosaic law provided cities of refuge for those who gave way to anger and shed blood. The common law has always been as tender. Whether Mr. MULLIGAN was correctly or incorrectly punished is not an inquiry in this communication, (whose main object is to defend a gentleman whose irreproachable life, independence, fearlessness and ability during four years' of service have endeared him to all,)—but I may be permitted to add that there are many respectable people in the City who have been heard to remark that if *they* had been banished by the means of an Individual *without the forms of law*, if ever they met that individual they would dog him. Indeed, if VICTOR HUGO should meet LOUIS NAPOLEON in England and cane him, half the world would applaud it. Mr. MULLIGAN may be inferior to VICTOR HUGO in ability, and character, but his human nature is the same; and the memory of his wrongs may last as long. The law looks at human nature in palliatory assaults, and not at the grades of individuals.

AN EX DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

City Politics.

THE REPUBLICAN AND AMERICAN COMMITTEES OF CONFERENCE.—It has been arranged that the Republican and American Committees of twenty-two from each County Convention, appointed to agree upon an opposition county ticket at the approaching county election, are to meet to-morrow evening at No. 613 Broadway. That the object for which these Committees of Conference was appointed will be carried out there is scarcely a doubt. Appearances now indicate that to the Republicans will be given the nominee for Sheriff, while the County Clerk will be given to the Americans. The American Conference Committee had a preliminary meeting last evening at the Westchester House, Bowery.

AMERICAN CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.—The American Nominating Convention for the Third District met last evening at St. John's Park House on Hudson-street, and permanently organized after some difficulty, after which a Committee was appointed to confer with a similar Committee appointed by the Republican Convention for the same District. An adjournment was then had subject to the call of the chair. The opposition in this District will doubtless unite on a candidate for Congress.

THE SALE OF THE CITY HALL AND FURNITURE.—The Sheriff's sale of the City Hall and furniture, which was to have taken place yesterday, to satisfy the famous claim of Mr. Lowrie, did not "come off." It was postponed to Friday next.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Supreme Court—Special Term.—Nos. 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 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1025, 1026.

SUPREME COURT.—Nos. 27, 46, 48, 49, 53, 55, 57, 61, 62, 63, 68, 70, 72, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—Oct. 4.

Before Chief Justice Taney.

Edmund Jungbluth vs. *Roman J. Redfield; Emil Hilger* vs. *same; Herman Peltzer* vs. *same; Eugene Petzer* vs. *same; E. Marshall et al.* vs. *same.* Judgment for defendants in the above cases.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Judge Sutherland.

Another Injunction in the Fourth-avenue Steam Matter.—Judge SUTHERLAND, on the complaint of Daniel W. Whitney and wife, has granted an injunction restraining the Common Council from taking any action in the matter of the repeal of the ordinance prohibiting the use of steam on the Fourth-avenue, below Forty-second-street. The only material difference between the complaint and that of Ten Eyck and wife (tried before Judge Brady and decided against the complainants) is that it charges corruption—that the members of the Common Council have received money from the Harlem Railroad Company to induce a repeal of the prohibitory ordinance.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—Oct. 4.

Before Judge Brady.

THE FOURTH-AVENUE STEAM CASE—THE HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY SUCCESSFUL.

This morning Judge BRADY rendered the following decision in the case of *Peter Ten Eyck and Margaret his wife, vs. The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, and the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company.* This action was brought for the purpose of perpetually enjoining the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York from granting permission to the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company, or any other company or person, to run steam engines on the Fourth-avenue, or on the track of the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company below or south of Forty-second-street, or from removing the existing prohibition against doing so, created by resolution approved by the Mayor, Dec. 27, 1854, and from repealing that resolution; and also to prevent the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company from running or suffering any company or person to run any steam engine upon their track below or south of Forty-second-street. Two questions are presented by this application, which must necessarily be considered and decided. First, Whether the anticipated resolution is legislative in its character; and, secondly, whether the use of steam by the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company, in the manner complained of, is authorized by law. A number of petitions were presented and argued on this motion incidentally bearing on these questions, which, in the consideration of them, would be valuable if the authorities to which reference will be made are not conclusive. In reference to the first question, the act of the Legislature, passed April 23, 1831, incorporating the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company, conferred upon that company power "to construct a single or double railroad or way from any point on the north bounds of Twenty-third-street to any point on the Harlem River," between certain specially described boundaries, and "to transport, take and carry property and persons upon the same, by the power and force of steam, of animals, or of any mechanical or other power, or of any combination of them which the said company may choose to employ," and by the second section of that Act, the location within the prescribed limits was made subject to the approbation of the Common Council of the City of New-York. In addition to this, by the 16th section of the same Act, the Corporation of the City of New-York were empowered to regulate "the time and manner of using the road, and the speed with which carriages should be permitted to move on the same, or any part thereof." Under, and by virtue of that act, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty, by ordinance approved Dec. 22, 1831, granted permission to the said Company to construct and lay down, in pursuance of their act of incorporation, a railway now used by them, from Twenty-third-street to the Harlem River. From this brief statement of the origin of this Company, it will at once be seen that authority emanating from the proper places was given, not only to construct a railroad, but to use steam as a motive power, and that the location of such road having been determined in the manner prescribed by the statute, it became permanent, subject only to the power of the Common Council to regulate its use as provided by Sec. 16 of the act before mentioned, and their general power over streets, derived from various charters. The right to use steam, therefore, as a motive power, having thus been conferred upon the Company, an ordinance or resolution, determining the point at which it must cease, is not a license, but a mere exercise of the power to regulate. It grants nothing, and when it limits the use of steam, at any point north of the southern terminus mentioned in the acts of incorporation, *it restricts* the enjoyment of the original grant or franchise. It is said by Judge Hilton, that the regulating or legislative power of the Corporation over the streets, which partakes of the character of legislative sovereignty, having been originally conferred by the Dongan Charter in 1686 and confirmed by the Montgomery Charter and subsequently by legislative grants, it may well be doubted whether the City can be deprived of it, even by an act of the Legislature itself. New-York and Harlem Railroad Company *vs.* The Mayor, &c., Common Pleas. And on this subject see Angell's Treatise on *Corporations*, 42, 63. I think it thus appears that the resolution which the plaintiffs apprehend would, if passed, be purely legislative in its character, is authorized by law, and not subject to the control of the Courts. Milhau *vs.* Sharp, 17 Barber, 438. The People *vs.* Lowber and the Mayor, &c., opinion of Judge INGRAHAM. But if the resolution referred to could be construed as a grant, it would be valid, being authorized by act of the Legislature. Davis *vs.* The Mayor, 4 Kernan, 506. The People *vs.* Sturtevant, 9 Selden, 273. In the case of Davis, Justice Denio refers to the charter of the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company, as illustrative of the power of the Municipal Government to license the location of railroads in streets when authorized thereto by the Legislature, and a majority of the Judges decided that in the absence of any such authority the grant to Sharp and his associates for a railroad in Broadway was void. It is no answer to this view that the act, by ordinance heretofore limited the use of steam to Forty-second-street, because the power to regulate is continuous and discretionary. New-York and Harlem Railroad Company *vs.* The Mayor, &c., Common Pleas, supra, opinion of Judge Hilton. In disposing of this branch of the case, it is proper to say, assuming, as claimed by the plaintiffs, that the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company have not complied with the ordinances of the Common Council, or kept their agreements in all respects in reference to the use of the Fourth-avenue as a railroad, that those facts do not warrant the interposition of courts upon the application of a third party, however strongly they may address themselves to the Common Council in reference to the exercise of their regulating power. They are matters resting entirely between the Common Council and the Harlem Railroad Company, of which the former should doubtless take notice, and remedy, in the faithful discharge of their public trust. I deem it also proper to say that in matters which are discretionary, a charge of improvident legislation does not authorize the interference of the Courts. There may be some reason of public necessity or public benefit which will influence the Common Council to repeal an ordinance a short time since defended as a just measure of legislative policy, however extraordinary that may seem, but I have no power in a case like this to call for motives or reasons for legislative acts. There being, then, no power to prevent the repeal of the ordinance of Dec. 27, 1854, the second question presents itself, viz.: Whether the use of steam by the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company is authorized by law? I have adopted this form of the question because it seems to be established beyond controversy, on principle and authority, that what is authorized by law is not a nuisance. First Baptist Church, &c., *vs.* The Utica and Schenectady Railroad Company, 6 Barber, 313—see also 5 Barber, 79. Brown *vs.* Susquehanna Railroad Company, 2 Kernan, 499. It is a legal solecism to call that a public nuisance which is maintained by public authority. Per Justice HAND. Harris *vs.* Thompson, 9 Barber, 364. Davis *vs.* The Mayor, &c., 4 Kernan, 506. In this case of Davis, although it is asserted that the use of cars on a railroad in Broadway, would be a public nuisance, yet it is said by Denio, J., that, "if authorized to run upon the street the inconvenience would have to be submitted to, but if placed there without right, the authors of the act could not defend themselves from the charge of nuisance;" and he stated further, that "the authorities leave no doubt upon the question." If, however, a thing be authorized by the Legislature which by the common law would be a nuisance, and there be any excess of the power conferred, or any irregularity in its exercise, it would be a nuisance *pro tanto*. Renwick *vs.* Morris, 3 Hill, 393; 7 Hill, 575. And in actions, to recover consequential damages arising from the use of steam on railroads authorized by law, the defendants are not liable unless the act complained of was not in conformity to the law, or the authority given was not exercised with proper care and skill.—Chapman *vs.* the Albany and Sch. R. R. Co., 10 Barber, 360; 6 Barber, supra, 312. Williams *vs.* the N. Y. Central R. R. Co., 16 New York Rep., 102. The mere exercise of the franchise, though it may occasion inconvenience, and interfere with the full enjoyment of health and property by producing effects disagreeable to the senses, or otherwise affecting the safety of life and person, would not make it a nuisance, provided, as already suggested, the precise thing is done which is authorized by law. It is not shown in this case that the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company are exercising their privileges in an unlawful manner. The objection goes to the use of steam south of Forty-second-street as a motive power. Upon the principles evolved by these causes, and on the facts and circumstances disclosed by the complaint and papers submitted, I should feel at liberty to determine that the use of steam below Forty-second-street by the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company was a nuisance which should be arrested at once, if there was no act of the Legislature authorizing it; but with such an act before me, it is equally my duty to say, for the reasons herein before assigned, that such use of steam is not a nuisance and cannot be restrained. It was urged on the argument that the Legislature had no power in itself to authorize the creation or existence of a nuisance. However correct this may seem to be as a general principle, the power of the Legislature to subvert the common law has been employed in numberless instances, and the right to do so, unless violative of some limit in the Constitution, has not been questioned in any case in this State that I am aware of. Indeed it is not an uncommon thing to find in the adjudications of this State, the principle that statutes in derogation of the common law must be strictly construed. Harris *vs.* Thompson, supra, 9 Barber, 364, 12 Howard Pr. Rep. 14. There is, however, a further [illegible]

[illegible] Fire.

IN ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SECOND-STREET.—At 12½ A. M., yesterday, a two-story dwelling in One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, caught fire, and was consumed together with its contents. The house and furniture was insured in the Park Insurance Company, for $1,250, which will nearly cover the loss. The origin of the fire is unknown.

IN SECOND-STREET.—About 5 o'clock Sunday morning a fire broke out among some bedding in a back room of the premises No. 195 Second-street, occupied as a clothing store and dwelling by SIMON BUCHARACH. It was extinguished before much damage was done. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. The place is said to be fully insured.

IN ELEVENTH-STREET.—A fire occurred at 11 o'clock yesterday morning in the bottle-factory of Mr. GEORGE BREMOLS, No. 127 East Eleventh-street. The building, a two-story brick, was entirely consumed. The loss on the building and stock is estimated at $11,000, which is partially covered by an insurance of $1,600 in different City Insurance Companies.

Brooklyn Items.

To-day, at 10 o'clock, the Sabbath School teachers of this State meet in Convention, in the Pierrepont-street Baptist Church, Brooklyn. After organizing, the day will be given to reports from the several County Secretaries. Wednesday morning will be given to discussions; the evening, as also that of Wednesday, to addresses. Thursday closes the Convention. Thursday afternoon the Sabbath Schools of the city meet in sundry appointed churches, and have a good time over addresses, hymns, &c. The hum of preparation for this occasion is audible wherever half a dozen little ones meet together. The whole three days' entertainment promises to be rich and agreeable.

THE CEMETERY OF EVERGREENS—ELECTION OF TRUSTEES.—An election for three Trustees of this corporation took place at the office of the Company, yesterday. The difficulties between the managers and lot owners caused a very large vote to be cast, (566,) and resulted in the election of trustees favorable to the present management by about 100 majority. The other party allege that this majority was obtained by illegal votes, and intend to contest the election. The successful candidates were DAVID STEE, JOHN HOOPS and THOMAS PALMER.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING IN BROOKLYN.—A mass meeting of the "Bradley," or Administration wing of the Democracy in Kings County, was held in City Hall-square, Brooklyn, last evening. Through the agency of large posters, announcing distinguished speakers who were not expected to be present, a "six-pounder," bonfires, fireworks, calcium lights, transparencies, and other political paraphernalia, by 7½ o'clock some 2,000 people had assembled. The meeting was organized by electing W. S. MCKAY, Chairman, and the usual number of Vice-Presidents and Secretaries. Moderate addresses were made by WM. C. DEWITT, Col. HICKOX, WM. BROWN, of the *Journal of Commerce*, GEORGE TAYLOR, SAMUEL GARRISON, and others, which were received by the people with a moderate amount of applause. The proceedings of the evening were closed about 10 o'clock, with a comic song by some young gentleman whose name we failed to obtain.

THE LONG ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY.—A meeting of the Stockholders of this road was held at Philadelphia on Thursday last, to consider the propriety of changing the present route of travel from the Brooklyn and Jamaica Road, which is held by the Long Island Railroad by lease, to the Flushing Railroad, and a proposed branch from Winfield to Jamaica. A large number of stockholders were present, but it was deemed expedient to adjourn without taking any decided action, and make the call of the meeting a little more explicit. With this view, a motion to adjourn for two weeks was carried.

DEATH FROM EXPOSURE.—An infant only a few hours old was left Sunday night on the steps of a house corner of President and Henry streets. It was taken to the Police Station, and soon after died from the effects of exposure. Coroner REDDING will investigate the case to-day.

ACCIDENTAL POISONING.—Several children in the Cumberland-street Orphan Asylum were poisoned a few days ago by eating stramonium seeds, which they found growing in the vicinity. One of the children, it is said, cannot recover.

DEATH BY HYDROPHOBIA.—PATRICK MADDEN, whose case was reported in the TIMES of yesterday morning, died last night of hydrophobia.

Meeting of the Common Council—The Gas Contract—The City Sewers.

An adjourned meeting of the Board of Aldermen was held last evening, President KALBFLEISCH in the Chair. A large amount of routine business was transacted up to 9 o'clock, when, owing to the noise made in front of the City Hall by the Bradley wing of the Democracy, who were holding a mass meeting, a motion to adjourn was made by Alderman VAN BRUNT, and carried.

THE GAS CONTRACT.

On motion of Alderman DOUGLASS, the report of the Gas Committee, on supplying the city with gas, laid on the table in June last, was taken up and the whole subject referred back to the Committee for a further report. The contract with the present company expires on the 1st of January next.

CITY SEWERAGE.

The Committee on Sewers, to whom was referred the communication of JOHN H. FRENCH, on behalf of the Sewer Commissioners, asking to have the charge and control over all the sewers heretofore built and now under the jurisdiction of the Board of Aldermen, surrendered to them, reported that they believe the law creating the Commissioners to be unconstitutional; and also the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Counselor be and he is hereby requested to report to this Board, at its next meeting, whether in his opinion the act creating the Sewer Commissioners is constitutional, and if so, whether the Common Council have the power to delegate the charge and control over the drains and sewers already established to the Sewer Commissioners.

The report was adopted and ordered to be printed.

THE MANUAL.—Alderman WILSON offered the following resolution, which was adopted by unanimous consent:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Board are eminently due and hereby heartily tendered to Wm. C. Bishop, Esq., Clerk of this board, for the compilation of the Manual of 1856-7—the same being deemed the most useful Manual ever published by order of this Common Council.

New-Jersey Items.

OPPOSITION NOMINATIONS.—The Delegates to the Opposition County Convention met yesterday afternoon at Newkirk's Hotel, on the five corners, and organized by choosing FRANKLIN B. CARPENTER, Chairman, and WM. H. DUNNING, Secretary. The following nominations were made:

For Sheriff—HENRY A. GREEN, of Jersey City.

For Coroners—THOS. F. MORRIS,

INSTRUCTION.

THE REV. E. D. WARD AND MRS. WARD will reopen their French and English Institute for Young Ladies at No. 20 West 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., Sept. 15. They request a prompt attendance of their pupils.

CLASSICAL GYMNASIUM,
No. 31 Bible House, Astor-place.
The Rev. E. E. CORNWALL, A. M., Rector. This school, for a limited number of boys and young men, ingures a thorough English education, high scholarship in the classics and mathematics, and complete instruction in modern languages and drawing; in connection with the most refining and elevating influences of moral culture. Circulars at the school rooms.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—The Morris Female Institute, open for the last ten years to boarding and day scholars, will be resumed on Monday, Oct. 4, for the reception of boarding pupils only; a limited number of whom will be received. It will be the object of the Principal to render this an agreeable home for those committed to her care, as well as to furnish facilities for a thorough, accomplished and Christian education. She will be assisted by an experienced teacher, graduate of South Hadley, also, a French teacher residing in the family.

A deduction will be made from the bills of the daughters of Clergymen, and those preparing to teach.

For further particulars see circulars, which may be had by applying to the Principal.

MORRISTOWN, Sept. 7, 1858. MISS J. A. HEELEY.

THE FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE—(DAY and Boarding,) Nos. 61 and 63 Madison-av., New-York. To be conducted on the same plan and to embrace the same thorough course as the Rutgers. Open Sept. 13. Pupils can enter their names on the 13th and 14th. Circulars obtained at RAYNOR'S, No. 16 Bowery, or of the Principal, at No. 63 Madison-av. A class will be formed, at the residence of the Principal, for the accommodation of few small boys, whose sisters are connected with the Institute.

REV. DR. FERRIS, Rector,
C. H. GARDNER, A. M., Principal.

NITCHY'S INSTITUTE AT WEST BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—Educates boys for Mercantile and Mechanical pursuits. The instruction is thorough, opposed to the memorizing method, and develops all the mental faculties; the education is based on the principles of kindness and liberality. Gardens, woods, mountains and rocks, baths, a gymnasium, pure and cool air and water, render the Institute an eminently healthy and attractive place for the education of boys. For circulars, containing all necessary information and references, address

AUG. F. NITCHY.

FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN, No. 48 East 26th-st., near Madison-av., will reopen on Sept. 15th just. Reading and day school. Classics, mathematics, English, Spanish and German language, besides the French, which is the language of the school. There is a junior department. For details and references, see circulars.

Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

BOYS' SCHOOL.—J. H. TYNG'S SCHOOL, NO. 31 East 16th-st., is now in session, and offers the following advantages: A large and commodious room, pleasant grounds for exercise, a limited number of pupils, all taught by himself; government gentle, instruction thorough, charges moderate. Circulars, with references, at Shepard's, No. 139 Fulton-st., and Randolph's, No. 683 Broadway.

BOYS PREPARING FOR BUSINESS WILL learn more in one quarter at DOLBEAR'S Commercial Academy, No. 659 Broadway, than in a year at ordinary schools. They will become quick in figures, rapid business penmen and good book-keepers; besides they will acquire manly, business-like habits and thus be qualified to fill positions far above mere errand boys. Two private desks vacant.

HAMILTON MILITARY AND COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.—The Winter Term of this Institute commences Monday, Nov. 1. For Catalogues and further information, apply to the Principal, M. J. LOCKWOOD, White Plains, who can also be seen on Mondays and Fridays, during the current month of October, at the Astor House, from 3 to 5 P. M.

MISS FOWLE, TEACHER OF HARP SINGING, and Piano-forte, has resumed her instruction in the City, at No. 63 West 16th-st. Applications at the house on Mondays and Thursdays. Cards at Brown's, No. 701 Broadway; Chickering's, No. 694 Broadway; Scharfenberg's, No. 769 Broadway; Brown's, harp maker, No. 296 Broadway.

LESSONS IN OIL, PASTEL PAINTING, Drawing, &c., by a lady who is an experienced teacher. Pupils have the advantage of good paintings to copy, without extra charge, and can either form a class of four, or take private lessons. The French language also taught. For cards apply to MR. SCHAUS, No. 289 Broadway.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y. FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS. The 43d semi-annual session will commence on Wednesday, Nov. 3. Circulars may be obtained of WM. W. ROSE, Esq., No. 68 Cedar-st.; S. F. YORK, Esq., No. 87 Liberty-st., or by addressing the Principal. D. S. ROWE, A. M.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.—MONS. AND MME. DUBOS have reopened their conversational and beginners' courses, at their residence No. 48 West 24th-st. Private lessons. Professor DUBOS will soon give French lectures on the history of civilization by woman.

MRS. OKILL WILL BE PREPARED TO receive her pupils on Wednesday, Sept. 15, and hopes for their prompt attendance. Any communications addressed to Mrs. O., at her residence, Nos. 8 and 10 Clinton place, New-York, will receive immediate attention.

POUGHKEEPSIE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL. WARRING & BISBEE, successors to Charles Bartlett, Principals. Lads are received and prepared for business or College. Catalogues sent on application. Winter term commences Nov. 3.

GEORGE S. PARKER AND DR. F. BERTHET will open their united Classical, French and English School, with a Primary Department and Gymnasium, at No. 970 Broadway, on Sept. 13. Circulars may be had at Lockwood's bookstore, or Crowen's.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL.—No. 18 4th-st., opposite Cooper Institute, is now open for the reception of pupils. Book-keeping classes will commence on Sept. 15. ISAAC G. HUBBS, Principal.

THE SCHOOL OF THE SUBSCRIBER, No. 866 Broadway, reopens on Monday, Sept. 13. A thorough education is imparted—Classical, French and English—under a discipline mild but decided. The highest references. R. B. WIGGINS, M. A.

RAVENSWOOD FEMALE INSTITUTE, L. I., resumes Nov. 1. A thorough and accomplished education is conferred, under purely home influences. Circulars at Williams, Stevens & Williams', No. 353 Broadway.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.—The Misses PALACHE will reopen their establishment on Monday, Sept. 13, at their new residence, Fitzroy-place, No. 183 West 26th-st.

WILLIAM H. LEGGETT'S CLASSICAL French, and English School, No. 826 Broadway, corner of 12th-st. Residence of the Principal, No. 273 East 19th-st.

MRS. MACAULEY WILL REOPEN HER School No. 43 East 21st-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., on Wednesday, Sept. 15. A punctual attendance is particularly desired.

THE MISSES MEEKER'S BOARDING AND Day School will reopen on Tuesday, Sept. 14, at No. 59 West 27th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

FRENCH, CLASSICS, SPANISH, ITALIAN CLASSES—No. 93 West 24th-st. PROF. JULES DE LAUNAY.

MISS F. B. PRIEST'S SCHOOL—NO. 77 East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 15.

MISS SNOW'S SCHOOL IS OPEN FOR Pupils at No. 90 West 16th-st.

TEACHERS.

WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED AND HIGHLY successful teacher, in the Classics and Mathematics awaits an engagement as Principal or Assistant in some established institution. For two years he was connected with one of the most celebrated schools in New-England, and for the past two years has been Principal of a High School. The highest references given. Address Box No. 614 Southington, Connecticut.

AN ENGLISH LADY, OF MUCH EXPERIENCE in teaching, desires to make an engagement as daily or resident teacher in a respectable private family or school; she instructs in all the English branches, French, music and drawing; she can give most unexceptionable City references as to character and qualifications. Address R. CARTER & BROS., Publishers, No. 630 Broadway.

TEACHER.—AN ENGLISH LADY, OF LONG EXperience in teaching, and who has a few hours disengaged, wishes some pupils in New-York for French, German, Italian, and the higher English branches. References to parents of pupils. Address L. M. Y., Box No. 3,805 Post-office, New-York.

TEACHER.—A GERMAN LADY, WHO HAS been educated in Paris, and was teacher of languages and drawing at the Newton Collegiate Institute, wishes to take the entire charge of one or two little girls in a gentleman's family. She teaches also music and Italian to beginners. Direct G. A., 213 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

DAILY TEACHER.—A LADY, WHO INstructs thoroughly in English, French and Italian, together with drawing and music, has a few hours disengaged. Terms reasonable. Satisfactory references given. Address DAILY TEACHER, care of F. W. Christern, No. 763 Broadway.

WANTED—A TEACHER OF VOCAL AND PIANO music, Nov. 1, for an Institute. One who can teach German and assist in common branches preferred; must be a good singer. Address, for three weeks, B. F. P., Sheffield, Mass.

A COMPETENT LADY TEACHER WILL Attake a few more guitar and piano pupils at $2 per quarter. Call at or address E. M., No. 183 East 16th-st.

UNITED STATES SCHOOL AGENCY AND Teachers' Union, (1857,) by E. H. WILCOX & SON, No. 223 Broadway. Engagements, &c., secured to checkholders and life members, by personal introductions. Fee, 1 or 2 per cent. on compensation, $3, $6, $10, $15. No charge to pupils. Wanted, to hear soon from all our available teacher patrons.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

THE AMERICAN BIBLE UNION—CELEbrates its Anniversary this week, in the Meeting House of the First Baptist Church, corner of Broome and Elizabeth sts., commencing TO-MORROW (Wednesday) MORNING. Business meeting at 9 o'clock, in the Lecture Room. Public exercises commence at 10 o'clock. The meetings will continue through Wednesday and Thursday. Among the speakers are Dr. ARMITAGE, President of the Union; Dr. Barnes, President of Madison University; BENJAMIN JAMES, Esq., and the Rev. T. J. MILLER, of Ohio; the Rev. D. H. MILLER, Conn.; and the Rev. Dr. SHEPARD, lately returned from a visit to Egypt and the Holy Land. All who feel an interest in the pure word of God are invited to attend.

NEW-YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY.—A stated meeting of this Society will be held at the Library, on TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 5, at 7½ o'clock. JOHN M. MACDONALD, Esq., of Flushing, will read a paper on The British Expedition to Danbury in 1777.

ANDREW WARNER, Recording Secretary.

PERSONAL.

IF MR. DANIEL HARDY, A FRIEND OF JOHN MERCER WALKER, of Bloomington, Illinois, and lately of California, is in New-York at this time, he will confer a favor by sending his address to THOMAS WALKER, at the Merchants' Hotel, Cortlandt-st.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A YOUNG MAN WHO RESPECTS the Sabbath and desires a quiet home, with pleasant rooms, in a small private family, may learn of the name by addressing a note to A. Y., Box No. 1,267 Post-Office, with name and residence. Location near Broadway and West 26th-st. Terms moderate.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY IN A FIRST-class house, West 14th-st., would let with board their second story, elegantly furnished, to a gentleman and wife. Also, a third-story front parlor and bedroom. A party of friends would be desirable. Address HOME, Box No. 3,387, Post-Office.

BOARDING.—A FEW PERSONS, WHO CAN AFpreciate a desirable home in a first-class location and house, can be accommodated at No. 22 West 14th-st., near 5th-av., opposite the beautiful residence of M. H. Vanbeuren.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE or two single gentlemen, can obtain very pleasant furnished rooms and board for the Winter, at No. 46 East 19th-st., near Broadway. The house has all the modern improvements. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE AND two single gentlemen can be accommodated with neatly furnished apartments and good board with a small family, (adults,) who will endeavor to make their guests comfortable and at home. Apply at No. 54 West 22d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

BOARDING.—A LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, or a suite of rooms, to let, with board, to single gentlemen, or to gentlemen and their wives; house is modern and well located. Apply at No. 429 Fourth-st., near 2d-av.

BOARDING.—ONE OR TWO ROOMS TO LET TO single gentlemen, with or without breakfast, in a private family in 13th-st.; gas and bath in the house. References exchanged. Inquire at No. 30 East 13th-st., between University-place and 5th-av.

BOARDING.—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 2d-story parlor and bed-room may be obtained in a modern stone-front house. Dinner early. Family private. References exchanged. Apply at No. 43 West 19th-st.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR two gentlemen, may obtain board in a private family at No. 186 Macdougal-st., between Bleecker and Amity. Terms reasonable.

BOARDING.—TO LET, WITH BOARD, IN A private house, handsome apartments for a family without children. References required. Apply at No. 106 2d-av.

BOARDING.—A HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED parlor and bedroom may be obtained at Mrs. AUSTIN'S, No. 74 East 14th-st., near Union-square. Also, single rooms. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR single gentlemen, can be accommodated with board and pleasant rooms, convenient to stages or cars, by applying at No. 63 East 20th-st., near 4th-av.

BOARDING.—ROOMS CAN BE HAD IN AN UNsurpassed location, in a very small family, for gentlemen and their wives. References required. Address E., Box No. 1,904 Post-Office.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—A large front second-story room, suitable for a gentleman and his wife or single gentlemen, may be obtained at No. 6 Willow-st., within five minutes' walk of Fulton and Wall-st. Ferries. Dinner at 6 o'clock. References exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—GENTLEMEN WILling to pay a fair price, and who respect the Sabbath, can obtain furnished or unfurnished rooms in a house of modern conveniences, with partial board. Apply at No. 9 Liberty-st., between Nassau and Concord sts. Music Teacher.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—NO. 170 WASHINGtonn.—A large, pleasant room, and bedroom attached, on second floor, for gentleman and wife or gentlemen; six or seven minutes' walk from Fulton and Wall-st. Ferries. References required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—AT NO. 51 CONcord-st., corner of Adams. Gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen, can be accommodated with pleasant front rooms, on second floor, furnished in superior style. Will be vacated last of this month.

BOARD IN SOUTH BROOKLYN.—A GENtleman and wife, or one or two single gentlemen, can obtain a pleasant front room and bedroom attached, on 2d floor, with board, in a small private family, at No. 5 Douglas-st., near Court.

BOARD IN SOUTH BROOKLYN.—PLEASant rooms, with small ones adjoining, can be obtained with board, in a quiet family at No. 132 Clinton-st., 2d door below Amity. References required.

BOARD.—TWO GENTLEMEN AND WIVES, OR small families, can be accommodated with handsomely furnished rooms for the Winter, by the owner of the house No. 12 Lamartine-place, 20th-st., between 8th and 9th avs. Terms very moderate. Apply as above.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—FIRST-CLASS ACcommodations, with board, may be had at No. 282 Henry-st., near Harrison. References required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—PLEASANT ROOMS with board, can be had at No. 344 Henry-st. References exchanged.

A PRIVATE FAMILY OCCUPYING A first-class brown-stone house up town, wish to let a large front, and back room, with large closet, furnished or unfurnished, with board, to a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen; dinner at 6. Address A. S., Box No. 177 Times Office.

GOOD COMFORTABLE BOARD CAN BE had at the front of 54th-st., East of 2d-av., for families and single gentlemen. Terms moderate for permanent boarders. Inquire for Mrs. PERKINS. References exchanged.

NO. 107 CLINTON-PLACE, EIGHTH-STREET, between 5th and 6th avs.; Handsomely furnished rooms may be had with board, by a few select families or single gentlemen. House contains all modern improvements. Dinner at six. Good references given and required.

NO. 145 TWELFTH-STREET—NEAR SECOND-AVENUE.—Room on second floor, front; small one communicating, if required. Gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with full or partial board. Family private. References given and required.

BEDROOM, NEATLY FURNISHED, TO LET—Without board, to a respectable single man of quiet habits; rent $4 per month; private family; location east of Bowery and near Grand-st.; 15 minutes' walk from City Hall. Address COMFORT, Box No. 194 Times Office.

MURRAY HILL.—PRIVATE BOARD.—TO LET—A suite of rooms on second floor, being vacated by a family leaving for Europe; newly furnished. Will be let to a family of first-class boarders on reasonable terms. Apply at 26 East 26th-st., between Madison and 4th avs.

FAMILIES AND GENTLEMEN ROOMING near Broadway and 12th-st. should take their meals at the Blancard House. Breakfast, 7 to 12; lunch, 1 to 2; dinner, 3 to 7; supper till 12 at night. Terms by the week very moderate.

TO LET—WITH BOARD, IN A SMALL PRIVATE family, a suite of handsomely furnished rooms, either together or single, to families or single gentlemen. Reference given and required. Dine at 6 o'clock. Apply at No. 141 West 34th-st.

TO LET—WITH BOARD, A HANDSOMELY FURnished front room on the second floor, with two large pantries attached; also, a bedroom, if required, at No. 69 Clinton-place, 8th-st., near the 4th-av. References exchanged.

TO RENT TO GENTLEMEN, SOME LARGE and elegant rooms in my private and centrally-located house, up town; everything necessary for comfort would be provided. References required. Address, with real name, M. A. M., Union-square Post-Office.

NOS. 1 AND 3 MONROE-STREET, NEAR CATHARINE-STREET—Furnished rooms to let with board to gentlemen with their wives, or single gentlemen. Terms moderate.

A PARLOR AND BEDROOM, TOGETHER or separate, furnished or unfurnished, with full or partial board. References exchanged at No 12 2d-av.

DESIRABLE ROOMS TO LET WITH BOARD, at No. 46 East 24th-st., near Madison Park. House replete with all the modern improvements.

VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, WITH BOARD, for the Winter. House first-class, and near the ferries. Apply at No. 46 Livingston-st., Brooklyn.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR SINGLE GENTLEMEN in a private family, with breakfast, at No. 13 Bond-st.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—NO. 71 EAST 16th-st.

HOTELS.

ST. DENIS HOTEL,
ELEVENTH-STREET, CORNER OF BROADWAY.
The subscriber, for many years connected with the Julien Hotel, and lately proprietor thereof, takes this method of informing his friends and the traveling public, that he has, on the 10th of April, A. C., purchased the interest of Mr. D. Julien in the above establishment. It has, since the consummation of that purchase, been the aim of the subscriber to put his House in complete order, and the same is now thoroughly repaired, repainted, and has been, wherever necessary, refurnished. Water-closets, heaters, a separate entrance for ladies, and, in short, whatever was required to bring the Hotel upon an equal footing with the best establishments, has been supplied. The kitchen and lower departments of the house have also received the closest attention, and the proprietor feels convinced that he is enabled to provide for his guests in even a better manner than he was at his former hotel, and cheerfully gives the assurance, that at all times his whole attention will be devoted to their comforts, and no pains or expense spared to render his House a quiet residence for families as well as single gentlemen. PETER DEGIVE.

PARIS HOTEL DE RAVIERE,
No. 17 Rue du Conservatoire, corner of the Rue Richer. This Family Hotel, established in the newest style, and situated near the Boulevards, offers every comfort desirable for strangers visiting Paris.

Mr. Rundell, Mr. G. A. BRININGER and servants speak English. American, English and German newspapers taken in.

HOTEL ST. GERMAIN, BROADWAY, FIFTH-AVENUE AND TWENTY-SECOND-STREET.—This beautiful and unique Hotel is now conducted entirely on the European plan. Elegantly furnished rooms, single and en suite, all newly papered and painted, and having baths attached. Some choice rooms, for families and single gentlemen, to rent permanently, at reasonable rates. Particular attention paid to the restaurant, which will be supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The location of this Hotel, at the intersection of Broadway, 5th-av., and 22d-st., is not excelled by any house in the City, it being one of the most accessible and fashionable neighborhoods.

BILLIARDS.

DEELANDS
IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES
And Combination Cushions,
protected by letters patent, dated:
Feb. 27, 1855.
Oct. 30, 1855.
Dec. 4, 1855.
Dec. 12, 1856, (five of this date.)
The recent improvements on these tables make them unsurpassed in the world. They can now offer to the scientific billiard-player as combining speed with truth never before obtained in any billiard table. Salesroom, 704 and 706 Broadway, New-York Manufactory No. 9 Ann-st.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

OCEAN HOUSE AND PROPERTY, NEWPORT, R. I., for sale at a bargain, as private sale instead of auction as advertised. This valuable property can be purchased at the very low price of $22,000, one-half of the cost of the house, if applied for within thirty days. It consists of three and one-third acres of the most valuable land in Newport; the hotel originally cost $70,000; will accommodate over five hundred guests. The establishment is too well and favorably known to require further description. The terms of payment will be liberal to the purchaser. For further particulars apply to

HENRY BULL, } Committee.
J. P. NEWTON,
FRANCIS LAWTON,

NEWPORT, Sept. 27, 1858.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE AT THE corner of Grand and Pulaski avs., in Brooklyn. The house is almost new, with modern improvements, with 8 lots of ground, tastefully laid out and terraced. The location is unsurpassed either for beauty or convenience.

For sale, one of the finest residences in the town of Rye, Westchester County; a new Gothic house, with all modern improvements, finished in the latest style; the grounds (3 acres) tastefully laid out, filled with fruit trees and choice shrubbery; located directly opposite Christ Church.

Forty acres of land near the depot at Rye.

Two farms on the River Road between New-Rochelle and Mamaroneck, with other valuable property in the City and country. Apply at the office of Porter's Spirit of the Times, No. 346 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, IN SECOND-PLACE, BROOKLYN.—A first-class, brown-stone front house, 25 by 83, with bath-room and water on second floor, lot 133 feet deep, with two extra lots in the rear in grass-plots, garden, grapery, &c. The house is in good order. The neighborhood is unsurpassed for health and respectability. Can be reached from Wall-st. in 30 minutes, by three ferries. A cheerful and complete home but not an expensive one; will be sold with or without furniture, or leased to a suitable tenant on very favorable terms. If sold, three-fourths of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Possession given immediately, or in the Spring, if desired. Apply at No. 64 2d-place, Brooklyn, or to A. J. WELLS, No. 68 Wall-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—(AT A SACRIFICE PRICE)—A three-story, basement and counter-cellar brick house and lot, situated at No. 94 Nevins-st., within 15 minutes walk of the ferries; house nearly new, finished with marble mantels and grates, gas-ranges, &c., will be sold cheap for cash. Apply to FOSTER & LOFER, No. 4 Sands-st., Brooklyn, or L. T. BERGEN, No. 30 Vesey-st., (up stairs,) New-York.

FOR SALE—THE DESIRABLE TWO-STORY AND attic house and lot No. 3 Beach-st., containing gas fixtures, Croton water, &c. Possession immediately. For further particulars, apply to R. H. H. CUDLIPP, No. 121 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ONE OF THOSE neat and convenient two-story and attic brick houses on the west side of Allen-st., just above Rivington-st., known as No. 183 Allen-st. Location one of the pleasantest on the east side of the City. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—ON THIRTY-SIXTH-STREET, BETween 4th and Madison avs., a first-class four-story brown-stone front house, 25x60 feet, with every modern improvement, and on one of the very best sites in the City. Inquire on the premises of GEO. J. HAMILTON.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A BRICK BUILDING, near the Atlantic Docks, Brooklyn, 100 feet square, two stories high, with a first-class steam-engine of 60 horse power. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No 90 Beaver-st.

TO CARMEN.—FOR SALE CHEAP, IN BROOKlyn, a house, two lots and stable. Terms easy. Inquire on the premises, No. 200 Dean-st.

TO LET.

FIRE-PROOF STORES, LOFTS AND OFFICES TO LET.—In the Times Building, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau sts. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—STORE NO. 1,051 BROADWAY; ALSO dwelling-house No. 1,055 Broadway, between 29th and 30th sts., which can be altered into a store, or as an entrance to a large plot of land on the rear, equal to 2½ lots, suitable for a large lecture or concert room, which is also to let. Apply to H. M. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 142 Front-st., or No. 13 Madison-square, North side.

TO LET.—THE PROPERTY NO. 693 BROADWAY, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel, running through to Mercer-st., being 30 feet front and rear. On the Broadway lot a first-class store is now being erected, and the rear lot will be improved to suit the tenant, if an agreement should be made. For terms, apply to A. P. MAN, No. 64 Wall-st., New-York.

TO LET—ON CLERMONT-AVENUE, BROOKLYN, a seventh house south of Dekalb-av., 15 minutes' walk from City Hall, convenient to Myrtle or Fulton-av. cars, three-story brick house, high stoop, basement and good cellar, water in wash-room off the kitchen, gas and fixtures complete; rent $300. Apply at the house.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, DESIRABLE rooms on lower floor of a genteel modern-built house; two parlors, kitchen, bedroom, &c., or part of the floor unfurnished, with board. Inquire at No. 69 West 44th-st., corner of 6th-av.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN, A MODERN BUILT house, furnished, (rent of house given in part payment for the board of three grown persons,) near Wall-st. and South ferries; none but a small genteel family need apply at No. 3 Willow-place.

TO LET—THE THREE SPACIOUS ROOMS ON Broadway, (No. 385,) known as Chambers' Piano-forte Rooms. Apply to T. H. CHAMBERS' New Piano-forte Establishment, Bible-House, Astor-place, 8th-st. and 4th-av.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN, WITH BOARD, A large second-story front room and bedroom, with gas, &c., to two or three young gentlemen. Apply at No. 42 Butler-st.

TO LET—THREE ROOMS ON THE FOURTH floor of dwelling house No. 67 West 17th-st., corner of 6th-av. Inquire in the store at the corner.

TO LET—THE FIRST FLOOR AND BASEMENT of the new house No. 372 West 44th-st.; has marble mantels, &c. Rent $21 per month. Inquire on premises.

NEW HOUSES TO LET—IN NINETEENTH-st., three stories, high stoops, modern improvements, three rooms deep, convenient for one or two families. May be seen by calling at No. 202 East 19th-st. For further information, apply to C. L. FOLSOM, No. 126 1st-av., corner of 6th-st.

STORE NO. 113 NASSAU-STREET TO LET—25 feet by 100, running through to Theatre-alley, with basement and cellar; also, rooms suitable for light manufacturing purposes, on the 3d and 4th floors. Stores Nos. 50 and 54 John-st., to let 18 feet by 75, with basement and cellar each. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 13 Nassau-st.

TO MILLINERS.—NO. 535 BROADWAY, NEAR Spring-st., is to let; now partly occupied as parlors, furnished rooms and artists' studios, by tenants who will remain if desired; also, a daguerrean sky-light.

NO. 167 WEST TWENTY-FIFTH-STREET, N.—A nicely-furnished house, with all the modern improvements, to let, from Oct. 1. Apply at No. 1 Spruce-st., Room No. 3, Tribune Buildings.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT VERY LOW rates, at the Empire Works, foot of East 24th and 25th sts. Buildings fitted up with every convenience and engines one thousand horse power. Apply to AUG. PURDY, Comptroller's Office, or on the premises.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED FROM Nov. 1, for six months, by a family of eight grown persons, who will use the property carefully. Address W., Box No. 2,008 Post-Office, giving particulars of location, rent, &c.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—HILLDALE COTTAGE, SITUATED near the village of South Orange, N. J., within three minutes' walk of the depôt, sixty minutes by railroad to the foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York, and thirty minutes' drive to Newark; on high ground, overlooking the valley and railroad, with the Orange Mountain in front; with one of the finest prospects in the country, having ten miles of mountain scenery, from Milburn to West Bloomfield; containing six acres of ground under high cultivation; shade trees surround the house; there are also about fifty fruit trees, consisting of apples, cherries, &c., a living stream of water forms the southern boundary; there is a well of good water, also a cistern which holds 2,800 gallons. The dwelling contains 14 rooms and 4 closets, a cellar, pantries, &c.; the parlor is 18x20, kitchen 20x24, with Lockwood's elevated oven range; hot and cold water, and soft and hard brought into the kitchen; bath-room, with hot and cold water. The barn is 30x60, with stalls for six horses and room for six carriages, besides harness room, granary, &c. Price, $16,000; one-half may remain on bond and mortgage, if required. Inquire on the premises, or at No. 223 Mulberry-st., Newark. S. P. SMITH.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—A country-seat of 26 acres on Long Island Sound, about one mile from the Mamaroneck depot, on the New-Haven Railroad, trains stopping several times daily; access by steam also. The house is new, about 50 feet square, built in the most substantial manner, marble mantels throughout, good out-buildings, barn, ice-house, &c. Possession given immediately. For further particulars, apply to EDWARD WOOD, No. 189 Fulton-st., New-York.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN THE COUNTRY to rent, on Long Island, fifty minutes' from New-York; remuneration by railroad $1 50 per week; house containing five bedrooms, dining-room, parlor and library; one acre of ground attached to the house. Rent $300 for the Winter, or $600 for the coming year, including stable. This place is secluded and well shaded. For further particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT PLAINFIELD, N. J.—A country residence, pleasantly situated on the main street of the village of Plainfield, N. J., with about 10 acres of land. The house is in complete order, having recently been painted, and the outbuildings are all in good order. Possession immediately or in the Spring. Apply to W. P. HAVEMEYER, No. 44 Wall-st.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—SEVERAL BEAUTIFUL FARMS for sale in and near the village of Madison, Morris County, N. J., one of 63 acres and one of 30 acres. These two are not to be surpassed by any in the country, abound with all kinds of fruit, beautiful shaded lawns around the houses and in a high state of cultivation, and worthy immediate attention; one is within 15 minutes' walk of the railroad depot, and one large three-story house, fine garden and 4 acres of land in the village, together with several other large farms, from 50 to 200 acres, near the village. All are good farms. Inquire of S. D. HUNTING, Waverley House, near the depot.

MADISON, Oct. 1, 1858.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, AND ON EASY TERMS, A beautiful piece of land, near steamboat landing, on Staten Island; 40 acres, all highly cultivated, well watered and commanding fine land and water views. Neat two-story Gothic cottage, barn, carriage-house, &c. Will be divided to suit purchasers. Apply to A. SERGEANT, No. 13 Wall-st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNPAID WATER-RENTS.—NOTICE IS HEREby given that, by an act of the Legislature, ten per cent. will be added to all unpaid water-rents on Nov. 1 next, in addition to five per cent. incurred on Aug. 1 last. Water-rents are payable on May 1 in each year in advance, and the penalties on unpaid rents attach with equal certainty on the 1st of August and November thereafter.

It must be desirable to every owner to preserve his property from being returned to the Collector of Arrears, which, if not redeemed, will be sold according to law.

E. VAN SCHAICK, President.

AUCTION SALES.

Bernard Kennedy, Auctioneer.
HARDWARE AT AUCTION.
RICHARDS KINGSLAND & CO. will sell, on TUESDAY, Oct. 5, at 10 o'clock, at the salesroom No 183 Broadway, a large assortment of heavy and shelf goods, in lots to suit the City and country trade.
ALSO,
1,000 sample cards of Sheffield Table and Pocket Knives, Scissors, &c.
ALSO,
An Invoice of French and German Toys and Fancy Goods. Catalogues and samples early on morning of sale.

Edw. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.
VERY ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12 and 13, 1858, from 11 until 2 o'clock, at No. 99 6th-av., corner 15th-st., elegant and costly household furniture. The splendid furniture contained in said house, most of which was either imported from Paris or manufactured in this City by the best makers, especially for the owner, is unsurpassed, consisting of rosewood and gilt, inlaid and carved oak and walnut parlor, library and drawing-room furniture, certainly in damask and tapestry, rops, cabinets, &c., in crimson damask and tapestry, buffets, walnut extension tables, side-tables, chairs, arm-chairs, richly carved rosewood bedsteads, dressing bureaus, wardrobes, toilette duchesses, &c.

Also, hair mattresses, Aubusson, velvet, royal Wilton and English Brussels carpets, genuine; and bronze and gilt gas-fixtures, very beautiful bronze and other ornaments, antique clocks, &c., very rich dinner service, Sevres, white and gilt, French China, &c., oil-cloths, China cut glassware, &c.; also pictures, statuary, &c.

Catalogues will be ready, and may be had at the office of E. H. L. & Co., No. 16 Pine-st., one week previous to the sale.

The furniture may be seen the day before the sale by a permit to be obtained at the office of the auctioneer.

J. W. Turner, Auctioneer.
AUCTION NOTICE.—HIGH AND FASHIONABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ELEGANT ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, SOLID ROSEWOOD PARLOR SUITES, SPLENDID FIRE AND MANTEL MIRRORS, VELVET CARPETS, RICH SILVERWARE, &c., &c.—J. W. PORTER will sell, THIS DAY, Oct. 5, at 10½ o'clock, the contents of the large four-story house, No. 219 West 14th-st., consisting of richly carved rosewood parlor furniture, superior piano-forte, superior instrument; rosewood parlor suites, in satin, brocatel and rich wood centre tables, ottomans, brocatel and lace curtains, elegant parlor and bedroom lace curtains, magnificent English tapestry and velvet carpets, oil-cloths, massive oak and black walnut extension tables, dining and tea tables, a few choice oil paintings, rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, dressing bureaus, wardrobes, chairs, table, work tables, rockers, elegant china vases and mantel ornaments, twenty-one day inlaid and bronze clocks, China dinner and tea sets, rich cut glassware, crockery, ivory cutlery, silverware, tea service, silver and cake baskets, with solid silver mountings, spoons, forks, castors, &c. The whole being in the best order, and comprising everything necessary to a well-furnished house. Sale positive.

Daniel S. Hough, Auctioneer—Office No. 220 Broadway.
SPLENDID HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—DANIEL S. HOUGH will sell, THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) Oct. 5, at 10½ o'clock A. M., all the contents of the private residence No. 80 West 22d-st., near 6th-av. The house is sumptuously furnished throughout, and all in general order.

In the basement are a full suite of walnut dining-room furniture, extension table, buffet and chairs to match, beside a great variety of kitchen utensils, tea sets, silverware, castors, spoons, forks, ivory cutlery, cut-glass and Bohemian ware.

Sale positive. Deposits required of every purchaser.

In the parlors are velvet carpets, three rosewood settees, side and wall etageres, centre tables, easy chairs and fauteuils, bronzes, clocks, vases, fine paintings, lace curtains, couches, bookcases and library secretaries, rosewood piano, 7-octave, fine engravings.

In the chambers are superior carved rosewood bedsteads, bureaus, commodes, sofas, couches, chairs, carpets, mahogany bedsteads, &c.; 19 pure curled-hair mattresses, and fine blankets and bedding of all kinds. Catalogues can be had at the house.

A. J. Bleecker, Auctioneer.
FIFTH-AVENUE LOTS, NEAR CENTRAL PARK.—A. J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, Oct. 12, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the following valuable lots:

On Fifth-av.—Eight lots, east side, between 109th and 110th sts.

On One Hundred and Ninth-st.—Six lots, north side, adjoining above.

On One Hundred and Tenth-st.—Five lots, south side, adjoining in rear.

On Fifth-av.—Eight lots, west side, between 114th and 115th sts.

On One Hundred and Fourteenth-st.—Ten lots, north side, adjoining above.

On One Hundred and Fifteenth-st.—Ten lots, south side, adjoining, in rear.

On Southwest corner Fifth-av. and One Hundred and Thirteenth-st.—One lot.

Sale absolute, to close a concern. Maps, &c., at No. 7 Broad-st.

T. Gouldsmith, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—T. GOULDSMITH will sell, THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) Oct. 5, at the private residence No. 36 West 11th-st., near 6th-av., consisting of three suites of parlor furniture, covered in brocatel and velvet, rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, cost $600; rosewood etageres, bookcase, centre and side tables, Turkish and reception chairs, paintings, engravings, Brussels carpets, vases, clocks, pier and mantel mirrors. Dining-room—Oak buffet, extension table, chairs, table cutlery, rich cut glass, China dinner and tea s

CITY BANK STATEMENTS.

[illegible]

STATEMENT OF THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts ..... $[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ..... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ..... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ..... [illegible]

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, S. A. PLATT, Cashier of the CORN EXCHANGE BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
S. A. PLATT, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 6th day of October, 1858.
ABNER KOHLER, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE EAST RIVER BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $207,182 00
Average amount of Specie 26,306 00
Average amount of Circulation 75,228 00
Average amount of Deposits 99,180 00

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WM. S. CARMAN, Cashier of the EAST RIVER BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
WM. S. CARMAN, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 2d day of October, 1858.
WM. H. HINLEY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE FULTON BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $1,097,658 00
Average amount of Specie 143,831 00
Average amount of Circulation 136,025 00
Average amount of Deposits 1,196,901 94

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WM. J. LAPE, Cashier of the FULTON BANK in the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, according to the best of my knowledge and belief.
WM. J. LAPE, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
E. FRANCIS COBBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE GREENWICH BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $783,842 36
Average amount of Specie 40,076 00
Average amount of Circulation 112,092 00
Average amount of Deposits 599,921 21

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WILLIAM HAWES, Cashier of the GREENWICH BANK, of the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
WILLIAM HAWES, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JAS. HARRISON, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE GROCERS' BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $313,083 79
Average amount of Specie 28,028 02
Average amount of Circulation 43,776 00
Average amount of Deposits 172,798 17

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, SAMUEL B. WHITE, Cashier of the GROCERS' BANK, in the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
SAMUEL B. WHITE, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JOHN HEGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE HANOVER BANK, NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $1,228,762 42
Average amount of Specie 270,925 86
Average amount of Circulation 99,979 00
Average amount of Deposits 870,688 77

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, THOS. L. TAYLOR, Cashier of the HANOVER BANK, New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
THOS. L. TAYLOR, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
W. C. MUMFORD, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $2,581,795 89
Average amount of Specie 288,491 00
Average amount of Circulation 200,900 00
Average amount of Deposits 1,066,918 52

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, JAMES BUELL, Cashier of the IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JAMES BUELL, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 2d day of October, 1858.
THOS. L. THORNELL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE IRVING BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Oct. 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $835,195 35
Average amount of Specie 212,123 92
Average amount of Circulation 100,351 00
Average amount of Deposits 966,036 98

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, DANIEL V. H. BERTHOLF, Cashier of the IRVING BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct.
DAN'L. V. H. BERTHOLF, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JNO. HEGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE LEATHER MANUFACTURERS' BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Oct. 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $2,117,448 97
Average amount of Specie 354,672 34
Average amount of Circulation 219,189 00
Average amount of Deposits 1,027,451 41

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, THOMAS R. ACLY, Cashier of the LEATHER MANUFACTURERS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
THOMAS R. ACLY, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JIRAH BULL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—Of the average daily balance of the following accounts, for the week ending Saturday morning, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $4,927,882 21
Average amount of Specie 1,135,910 43
Average amount of Circulation 327,852 60
Average amount of Deposits 3,647,118 05

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, JOHN L. MORRISON, Cashier, of the MANHATTAN COMPANY, of the CITY OF NEW-YORK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. L. MORRISON, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
E. FRANCIS COBBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MARINE BANK, NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $927,090 18
Average amount of Specie 116,606 78
Average amount of Circulation 117,562 00
Average amount of Deposits 671,189 94

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, J. C. BEACH, Cashier of the MARINE BANK, NEW-YORK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. C. BEACH, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
E. FRANCIS COBBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MARKET BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $1,671,105 21
Average amount of Specie 314,983 43
Average amount of Circulation 140,855 00
Average amount of Deposits ..... 1,252,[illegible]

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, ROBERT H. HAYDOCK, Cashier of the MARKET BANK, being duly affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. H. HAYDOCK, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
E. FRANCIS COBBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MECHANICS' BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $3,948,051 01
Average amount of Specie 811,400 53
Average amount of Circulation 276,201 94
Average amount of Deposits 3,971,084 64

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GIDEON DE ANGELIS, Cashier of the MECHANICS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
G. DE ANGELIS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JIRAH BULL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION, OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $270,088 39
Average amount of Specie 122,947 97
Average amount of Circulation 40,878 00
Average amount of Deposits 196,418 67

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, JAS. H. FONDA, Cashier of the MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. H. FONDA, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
A. D. W. BALDWIN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $192,786 42
Average amount of Specie 155,201 46
Average amount of Circulation 137,148 00
Average amount of Deposits 209,045 04

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GEORGE W. YOULE, Cashier of the MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEO. W. YOULE, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
BENJAMIN J. PENTZ, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MERCANTILE BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $3,686,264 11
Average amount of Specie 428,438 44
Average amount of Circulation 45,927 00
Average amount of Deposits 2,300,012 92

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. J. BLAKE, Cashier of the MERCANTILE BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. J. BLAKE, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
C. B. WHITLER, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $5,704,484 29
Average amount of Specie 1,674,128 18
Average amount of assumed Circulation of the late Merchants' Bank 228,189 50
Average amount of Deposits 5,800,296 33

*Under this head are included Coin, Bullion, Clearing House and Mint Certificates.

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, JACOB D. VERMILYE, Cashier of the MERCHANTS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. D. VERMILYE, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JIRAH BULL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $2,217,844 00
Average amount of Specie 320,130 75
Average amount of Circulation ..... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits 1,441,856 00

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. F. DAKLEY, Cashier of the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK, in the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. F. DAKLEY, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JNO. HEGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE METROPOLITAN BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts ..... $1,413,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ..... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ..... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ..... 6,488,[illegible]

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GEORGE L. SCHUYLER, Cashier of the METROPOLITAN BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEO. L. SCHUYLER, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JIRAH BULL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NASSAU BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $1,456,972 00
Average amount of Specie ..... 288,[illegible] 00
Average amount of Circulation 112,600 00
Average amount of Deposits 1,086,319 00

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, HAMILTON BLYDENBURGH, President of the NASSAU BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct.
H. BLYDENBURGH, President.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
CORNELIUS R. DUBOSWAY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $2,360,939 43
Average amount of Specie 321,594 53
Average amount of Circulation, of the late National Bank 190,479 00
Average amount of Deposits 1,235,196 97

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, F. D. TAPPEN, Cashier of the NATIONAL BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
F. D. TAPPEN, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
E. FRANCIS COBBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NEW-YORK COUNTY BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $379,311 23
Average amount of Specie 60,659 20
Average amount of Circulation 22,049 00
Average amount of Deposits 370,759 01

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, A. MASTERTON, Jr., Cashier of the NEW-YORK COUNTY BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. MASTERTON, Jr., Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
J. H. WYCKOFF, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF THE NEW-YORK DRY DOCK COMPANY—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $408,959 36
Average amount of Specie 54,131 19
Average amount of Circulation 159,936 00
Average amount of Deposits 170,096 69

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, FERRIDAY F. HAYES, Cashier of the NEW-YORK DRY DOCK COMPANY, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct.
F. T. HAYES, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of October, 1858.
E. S. MCPHERSON, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NEW-YORK EXCHANGE BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $299,717 68
Average amount of Specie 21,935 44
Average amount of Circulation 119,844 00
Average amount of Deposits 317,336 42

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, D. B. HALSTEAD, Cashier of the NEW-YORK EXCHANGE BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
D. B. HALSTEAD, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JOHN HEGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NORTH RIVER BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $106,938 39
Average amount of Specie 147,711 22
Average amount of Circulation 14,908 00
Average amount of Deposits 136,673 34

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, A. B. HAYS, Cashier of the NORTH RIVER BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. B. HAYS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JNO. HEGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE OCEAN BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $1,710,305 14
Average amount of Specie 331,580 80
Average amount of Circulation 103,489 00
Average amount of Deposits 1,446,050 30

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, PARKER HANDY, Cashier of the OCEAN BANK, of the City of New-York, being duly affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
PARKER HANDY, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 2d day of October, 1858.
J. O. HARDER, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE ORIENTAL BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $658,586 62
Average amount of Specie 60,059 16
Average amount of Circulation 101,629 00
Average amount of Deposits 405,013 61

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WASHINGTON A. HALL, Cashier of the ORIENTAL BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct.
W. A. HALL, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of October, 1858.
JOHN M. DEVOY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PACIFIC BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $1,126,605 11
Average amount of Specie 169,276 63
Average amount of Circulation 129,123 00
Average amount of Deposits 946,268 73

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, ROBERT BUCK, Cashier of the PACIFIC BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. BUCK, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
WM. LEE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PARK BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $4,089,891 91
Average amount of Specie 204,365 51
Average amount of Circulation 182,783 00
Average amount of Deposits 3,610,199 04

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, CHARLES A. MACY, Cashier of the PARK BANK, being duly affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
CHARLES A. MACY, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
GEORGE E. LIBBY, Notary Public.

STATEMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S BANK, NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Oct. 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts ..... $[illegible]
Average amount of Specie 104,944 32
Average amount of Circulation 120,043 00
Average amount of Deposits 322,863 68

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, ROBERT W. LEAKE, Cashier of the PEOPLE'S BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
G. W. LEAKE, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 2d day of October, 1858.
P. S. PALMER, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PHENIX BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $2,446,615 81
Average amount of Specie 639,369 43
Average amount of Circulation 70,491 00
Average amount of Deposits 2,777,660 45

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, P. M. BRYSON, Cashier of the PHENIX BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
P. M. BRYSON, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
EDWARD ROBINSON, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE SEVENTH WARD BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $1,250,571 18
Average amount of Specie 306,836 23
Average amount of Circulation 205,248 00
Average amount of Deposits 913,922 07

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, ALFRED S. FRASER, Cashier of the SEVENTH WARD BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. S. FRASER, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of October, 1858.
JIRAH BULL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE SHOE AND LEATHER BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts ..... $3,347,[illegible] 00
Average amount of Specie 790,104 00
Average amount of Circulation 100,200 00
Average amount of Deposits 2,788,774 00

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, W. A. KISSAM, Cashier of the SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct.
W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
SAMUEL P. BELL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE TRADESMEN'S BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, October 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts ..... $1,252,[illegible] 49
Average amount of Specie 227,697 15
Average amount of Circulation 110,468 00
Average amount of Deposits 852,463 67

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, RICHARD BURRY, Cashier of the TRADESMEN'S BANK, being duly affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
RICHARD BURRY, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JIRAH BULL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE UNION BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Oct. 2, 1858:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts $3,078,813 38
Average amount of Specie 267,630 77
Average amount of Circulation 104,161 00
Average amount of Deposits 2,492,864 43

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. H. ARTHUR, Cashier of the UNION BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. H. ARTHUR, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 4th day of October, 1858.
JIRAH BULL, Commissioner of Deeds.

SAVINGS BANKS.

BANK FOR SAVINGS, CORNER TWENTY-FIFTH-STREET AND THIRD-AVENUE.—The Bloomingdale Savings Bank, corner 25th-st. and 3d-av., open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings to 8 o'clock. All deposits made before Oct. 20 will draw interest from the 1st.
JOHN WALTER, Secretary. G. N. LUCKEY, Actuary.

ROSEHILL SAVINGS BANK, cor. 14th-st. and 8th-av. OPEN DAILY FROM 9 TO 3 O'CLOCK—and Wednesdays and Saturdays until 7 P. M. All sums deposited here on or before the 10th October, will draw interest from Oct. 1.
WM. F. HAVEMEYER, President.
J. BRINKERHOFF, Secretary.

VELLUM AND PARCHMENT FOR REGISTERS, for sale by the dozen, by JOHN B. HOOLE, Bookbinders' Furnishing Warehouse, No. 128 Nassau-st., New-York.

No. 25 Wall-st., New-York.
Subscribe for the Weekly Times, the best family newspaper. Gazette at lowest rates, and reported much promptly.

AUGUSTUS BELLMONT,
BANKER, NO. 70 BEAVER-ST.,
ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT, AVAILABLE TO TRAVELERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 8 Rue de la Paix, Paris,
and
No. 3 Wall-st., New-York,
Grant LETTERS OF CREDIT for Mercantile Purposes. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on the principal towns and cities of

France,	Belgium,	Italy,
Great Britain,	Spain,	Germany,
Ireland,	Portugal,	Russia,
Holland,	Switzerland,	Sweden,
	Also, on	
Athens,	Constantinople,	Alexandria,
Smyrna,	Jerusalem,	Cairo, &c.

BILLS ON PARIS, and STERLING BILLS, at short, or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

COLLECTION AND BANKING HOUSE OF
J. E. MORTON & CO.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.
We give particular attention to Collections, payable in this city, as well as at all other accessible places in the West.
Returns promptly made on the day of payment or advice, at current rate of Exchange.
We make no charge for Collecting.
REFER TO
VAN VLECK, READ & DREXEL, New-York.
IRVING BANK, New-York.
CARPENTER & VERMILYE, NEW-YORK.
J. E. JAFFRAY & SONS, New-York.
FARMERS' AND CITIZENS' BANK, Williamsburg, N. Y.

FAST-DUE COLLECTIONS.

JOHNSTON & McDOWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Louisville, Ky.,
Collect claims throughout Kentucky, Indiana, Tennessee and Arkansas, through reliable correspondents.
NEW-YORK REFERENCES.—Duncan, Sherman & Co., Hewitt & Co., and Thompson Brothers.
The proprietor will remain in New-York a month, during which time communications with Hewitt & Co. will be promptly attended to in person.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.
Grant mercantile credits for
Use in India, China, &c., on
THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION
and
Messrs. GEORGE PEABODY & CO.,
of London,
For use in Australia on
THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT, for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world. Also,
MERCANTILE CREDITS,
for use in EUROPE, CHINA, &c.

SWEENY, RITTENHOUSE, FANT & CO.,
BANKERS,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO COLLECTIONS here, or in Virginia. Returns made on day of maturity at current rates. Refer to
Metropolitan Bank, New-York.
Van Vleck, Read & Drexel, New-York.

MR. JEREMIAH PANGBURN,
Late with the Continental Bank, has entered into the Stock and Exchange Business, at No. 36 Pine-st. Bank and Insurance Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages negotiated. Insurance effected.

PHENIX BANK, New-York, Sept. 1, 1858.

BALANCES AND DIVIDENDS REMAINING unclaimed for two years next preceding 1st of September, 1858.

BALANCES.

Accessory Transit Co. (div.) March 5, 1855, N. Y. $270 00
American Oil Co., March 5, 1855, N. Y. 22 50
Bradly, E., July 28, 1855, unknown 04
Blatchford, M. A., June 11, 1856, unknown 9 30
Brinsmade, E. L., June 9, 1855, unknown 38
Brown, Robert C., Feb. 23, 1854, unknown 07
Schwarz, A., March 27, 1854, N. Y. 07
Wilbor, J. B., Jr., Dec. 9, 1854, unknown 8 38

DIVIDENDS.

Barclay, Geo., Trustee, July 1, 1856, 55 shares $44 00
Beard, A. E., July 1, 1856, 1 share 80 00
Griffen, Solomon, July 1, 1856, 60 shares 60 00
Hernann, Marcus, in trust, July 1, '56, 1 shares 5 00

City and County of New-York, ss.—I, Peter M. Bryson, Cashier of the Phenix Bank of the City of New-York, being duly sworn do depose and say that the above statement of unclaimed balances and dividends is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
P. M. BRYSON.
Sworn before me this 2d day of September, 1858.
WM. CURRIE, Commissioner of Deeds.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY OF PHILADELPHIA, October 4, 1858.

LOAN OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—$450,000.—By ordinance, approved October 1, 1858, Letters marked Proposals for City Loan.—Proposals to be indorsed Proposals for City Loan, will be received at the Mayor's Office, in the City of Philadelphia, until the 15th day of October, A. D. 1858, at 12 M., for Loaning to the City of Philadelphia FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, for which Certificates of Loan, of One Hundred Dollars, and upwards, will be issued, bearing interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, free from taxation, and redeemable in thirty years from date. Proposals will be received for any sum, but not in fractions of one hundred dollars.
The Proposals will be opened on the 15th day of October, 1858, by the Mayor of the City, in the presence of the City Treasurer and the Committee on Finance. The highest offer will be accepted, the City reserving the right to accept or decline the whole, or any amount thereof. Payment will be required on the 20th day of October. Interest to commence from that date.
ALEXANDER HENRY,
Mayor of Philadelphia.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, FAIRFIELD COUNTY, SUPERIOR COURT, August Term, 1858.

UPON THE COMPLAINT OF THE BANK Commissioners of said State, this Court hath appointed FREDERICK S. WILDMAN, of Danbury, and WILLIAM A. JUDD, of Bethel, Receivers of the Hatters' Bank, of said Bethel, and hath limited and appointed till the 20th day of November, A. D. 1858, for creditors of said Bank to present their claims against the same to said Receivers; and all claims not presented within the time so limited will be debarred.
Test. AMOS S. TREAT, Clerk.
The undersigned hereby give notice to the creditors of the Hatters' Bank to present their claims against the same to the Receivers, at the Banking-house of the said Bank, in Bethel, in said Fairfield County, pursuant to the above decree, on or before the 20th day of November, A. D. 1858.
FREDERICK S. WILDMAN, } Receivers.
WILLIAM A. JUDD, }

AGREEABLY TO THE PROVISIONS contained in the Trust Mortgage Deed of the Michigan Central Railroad Company, sealed proposals (addressed to John M. Forbes, Boston) for the sale of Sinking Fund Bonds of said Company to the value of $[illegible] will be received up to noon on the 20th day of October next.
J. M. FORBES, }
N. THAYER, } Trustees.
H. H. HUNNEWELL, }
Boston, Sept. 25, 1858.

BILLS AND NOTES PAYABLE IN CANADA—where the Bank of British North America has Branches or Agencies, collected free of charge, when exchange thereon is provided for.
Drafts granted and bills purchased and collected on England, Scotland and Ireland, Australia and the British Provinces in North America.
R. D. FERGUSSON, } No. 29
F. H. GRAIN, } William-st.,
C. F. SMITH, } New-York.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA.—THE UNION BANK OF LONDON, as Agents for Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, New-York, hereby give notice that they will receive money on account of that firm, for which they will issue, free of charge, LETTERS OF CREDIT or CIRCULAR NOTES of £10 and upwards, similar to those in such extensive use on the Continent of Europe and elsewhere, payable at all the principal cities and towns in the United States, Canada, &c.

NORTH RIVER BANK, NEW-YORK, Sept. 21, 1858.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, held this day, LEVI AFGAR, Esq., was unanimously elected President of this Bank, in place of Marshall O. Roberts, Esq., resigned.
A. B. HAYS, Cashier.

MILWAUKIE CITY BONDS.—THE PAST-due bonds and coupons of this city, issued for municipal purposes, wanted by DE COPPET & CO., No. 19 William-st.

FIRST-CLASS DRY GOODS, GROCERIES and iron paper wanted by JOHN B. MURRAY, No. 40 Wall-st., (Manhattan Bank.) Collections made throughout the United States and Canada.

SOUTHERN FUNDS WANTED—BY A. BELMONT, No. 76 Beaver-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF KINGS.—BOODMAN B. DAWSON, Surrogate of the County of Kings, plaintiff, against CHARLES H. TAYLOR, JOHN C. RIKER and Octavia E., his wife, Benjamin F. Mauzerre and Caroline his wife, John A. Van Blarcom, William G. Reed, Abraham H. Sensmy, Hezekiah Easton, Edward Tracy, President of the Rensselaer County Bank, The Rensselaer County Bank, Daniel Fish, President of the Farmers' Bank of Lansingburg, The Farmers' Bank of Lansingburg, Smith Barker and Henry M. Whitehead, defendants. Amended summons.—For relief in mortgage cases. (Com. not Ser.) To the defendants and each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the amended complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the City Hall in the City of Brooklyn, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said amended complaint on the subscribers at their office, No. 74 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said amended complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint in this action.—Dated Aug. 13, 1858.
SMITH & WOODWARD, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the said Clerk of the County of Kings on the 26th day of September, 1858. Dated Sept. 6, 1858.
SMITH & WOODWARD,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
s7law6wTu

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF BOODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against FREEMAN HUNT, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the administrators, at the office of GEORGE W. and JOHN A. WOOD, No. 165 Fulton-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of March next.—Dated Sept. 13, 1858.
ELIZABETH T. HUNT, } Administrators.
WILLIAM FARMENTER, }
s14-law6wTu

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WASHINGTON GALDER, late of Newport, New-Jersey, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of WAKEMAN & LATTING, No. 59 Fulton-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 6th day of December next.—Dated New-York, May 26, 1858.
ELIZABETH GALDER,
Administratrix.
jo1-law6wTu

FOR EUROPE

[illegible]

STEAM TO ALL PARTS OF GREAT BRITAIN, VIA GALWAY, IRELAND.
THE SHORTEST, MOST PLEASANT AND CHEAPEST ROUTE BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND GALWAY, EUROPE.
THE NEW-YORK AND GALWAY STEAMSHIP LINE.
This line is composed of the following-named steamships, ably commanded, and furnished with everything requisite to render the voyage safe and agreeable. The departures from New-York for Galway, will be as follows, until further notice, viz:
PRINCE ALBERT ..... W. J. Watson ..... Monday, Oct. 11
INDIAN EMPIRE ..... H. Cousseau ..... Saturday, Oct. 23
PACIFIC ..... W. C. Thomas ..... Friday, Nov. 5
Persons visiting Ireland reach their destination in three-fourths the time taken by any other route, and all have an opportunity of visiting places and scenery of unrivaled interest in Ireland.
Price of passage, including free tickets by the usual railroad routes from Galway to any of the principal cities of Great Britain, at the following greatly reduced rates: First-Class, $60; Second Class, $40; Third Class, $30.
Those wishing to bring out their friends can purchase tickets for their passage in third class, from Galway, at $30; or from other cities in Great Britain, accessible by railroad, at $25. A liberal cabin table will be provided, and cooked provisions for third-class passengers to and from Galway; but they must provide themselves with a tin plate, quart mug, knife, fork, spoon, water-can, and their own bedding.

NEW-YORK CITY.

The Board of Aldermen met last evening, President Conover in the Chair.

A message was received from the Mayor, transmitting his veto of the resolution to repair a number of Hydrants, according to the contract.

The following Permits and Ventilation were granted: To Messrs. Adams and others, for a Hydrant in front of their Hardware Store, in Fulton-street; to Mr. Hyatt, for a special permit for a period of one year, to run a Horse Railroad on certain lines of omnibus routes, running in this City, of provisions, passengers are required to deposit a certain sum that no change shall be required in the event of a larger piece of coin being tendered. There is required to pay the fare, and the conductors of such lines have no change to make.

Instances have occurred where passengers have tendered a piece of coin larger than was required, and have been compelled to go to the end of the stage route, in order to have required change, which was their due, or to submit to a inconvenience to them by loss of time.

Resolved, That this Board, the Mayor be, and he is hereby requested to take such measures as will at once put a stop to further complaint and remedy the evil complained of.

Alderman Vermilye offered a resolution calling upon the Corporation Counsel to communicate to the Board why they did not institute proceedings to cause the removal of the Lumber claim," as directed by resolution of Aug. 28, 1857.

Alderman Ackerman thought it was not necessary to memorialize the Comptroller now. The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund had had a meeting in relation to the matter, and he thought it could be settled without the threatened sale of the City property.

Alderman Vermilye thought no harm could come from the adoption of the resolution. He thought the Corporation Counsel in duty was the Corporation Counsel, and ought to do what the Board wished.

The resolution was then adopted.

A communication from the Joint Committee on Accounts in the City Museum, was received, and the report adopted.

The following Permits were offered by Alderman Adams and adopted:

To remove the Fire Hydrants from Pearl-street, near Cherry, to Cherry and Water streets, and in other localities.

The Report of Committee on Finance in favor of paying $750 to graduates of New-York Institution for the Blind, was laid over.

A report from the Committee on Fire Department in favor of advertising for proposals for the building of a new hose was laid over.

The report of Committee on Salaries, in favor of fixing the salary of Superintendent of Markets, was laid over.

The report of the Special Committee on the Yellow Fever Hospital, at lower Bay, was received, and 500 copies were ordered to be printed.

Under existing Quarantine regulations, all persons arriving at this port who are labouring under an infectious disease, are transferred to the Marine Hospital at Staten Island for sanitary treatment, and also for the purpose of restricting the further spread of disease by isolating the patients so far as practicable. In the execution of this regulation, it appears that the number of persons arriving at this port with diseases of a contagious character, is taking, they can with safety be permitted to intermingle with our citizens, in the city, and increasing from year to year, as our intercourse with other ports is increased and extended.

Reference to a chart of our harbors it appears that the distance between the Marine Hospital at Staten Island and this City, Brooklyn and Jersey City, is about one-third miles, and when this proximity is considered, in connection with the calamity which such a pestilential disease would devolve upon our City, if it should be transferred, not only in our midst, but to other of the adjoining cities, we not only entertain the opinion that some action, having in view the prevention of such an occurrence is indispensable, but we anticipate that the Common Council will concur in the opinion, and if there should be any doubt of the propriety of early action on our part, we think this very important subject, we confidently commend to the consideration of the following points:

1. That the cases of yellow fever, alleged that arrive at this port, have been declared to be at least eighty—that in which the number of passengers, crews, officers, and persons who are connected with the Quarantine, or live immediately adjacent to the Hospital, where contract this disease in a like period, may be safely estimated at a like number. It appears, therefore, that this City is not free from the risk of yellow fever becoming epidemic without it from the absence of an inciting cause within its proximity, and to this constantly-increasing evil your Committee claims your attention, when taken into your consideration, the circumstance that for the past yellow fever has never existed in a city where houses of the design and kind are alike to those known among us as fever houses have existed. If, then, it is so very in buildings of cities in tropical climates and elevated even as high as a third story, what would be the character if existing in our midst? The loss of life, the estimate of its fatality to our citizens and in arrest of our commercial labors and enterprises would present a picture that would preclude any doubts as to the propriety of prompt concurrence with any action calculated to remove so great a calamity.

Entertaining these views, your Committee have considered the manner in which the risk to the health and property of the City involved in the location of the Hospital at the Quarantine may be best remedied, keeping in view the concurrent requirements of convalescence to all, and facilities to our commerce so imperatively demanded and merited by our merchants. It is recommended, therefore, that in order to meet the exigency of our situation, that should be relieved from unnecessary exposure to a fatal epidemic, the demands of commercial interests in the enjoyment of all practicable facilities in its operations, and the protection to all whose vocations or conditions subject them to the vicinage of a hospital for infectious diseases, a hospital for the single purpose of the reception and treatment of persons laboring under infectious diseases, and that store-houses for the special purpose of storing cargoes from vessels infected with disease, be constructed within the Lower Bay, and in consequence of such location, we submit the following

Resolutions:

1. That a suitable location can be selected sufficient distance to prevent any share to remove any well-founded objection to the facility thereto.

2. That the difficulties now existing from the want of suitable and sufficient storehouses at the Quarantine wharves to store infected cargoes, will be removed, as the vessels would be accommodated at piers, and the cost of the lightering of cargoes to storehouses would be wholly removed.

Third—Experience in the construction of lighthouses, piers, &c., has fully demonstrated the practicability of the use of screw piles of iron, not only in the support of any such superstructure as would be required for the purpose proposed, but in their resistance to the thrust of a sea of fields of ice.

Fourth—By the use of iron piles and a floating breakwater on the side most exposed to the sea, there would not be those objections to the construction proposed on account of the reduction in the tidal area of our harbor, and the resistance to and the deflections of the currents thereof, which would be urged with more propriety against any other plan, where the breakwater involved a filling in of a given stability.

Fifth—Any construction of a character that would present a resistance to, or a deflection of the existing currents of our harbor, would not fail to involve changes in the navigation thereof, which would be attended with serious losses to our merchants and underwriters, if not to human life. The cost and time required for a construction of screw piles would also be much less than that upon any other plan, added to which it would have the advantage of affording greater salubrity to the structure, as the ventilation beneath all the buildings would be perfectly attained.

In view, then, of these elements, your Committee submit the following resolutions, and recommend their adoption, viz:

1. Resolved, That in the opinion of the Common Council of this City, a proper regard to the interests of our citizens renders it imperative that provision should be forthwith made for the accommodation of the passengers, crews and cargoes of vessels arriving from ports where an epidemic prevails, or on board of vessels in which an infectious disease has developed itself.

2. That a suitable location for the accommodations required can be found upon the west bank of the Lower Bay of the harbor, and that in our opinion a hospital suited to the reception and treatment of passengers and crews, and of all infectious and contagious diseases, together with piers and storehouses for cargoes of infected vessels, should be forthwith erected thereon.

3. That a copy of this report and resolutions be forwarded to his Excellency the Governor of the State, and that printed copies be sent to the members of the Senate and Assembly.

Respectfully submitted,

CHAS. H. HASWELL,
JAMES WEBB,
HENRY ARCULARIUS.

A great number of Reports were then presented and laid over. They referred chiefly to flagging sidewalks.

TERRENCE FARLEY'S ALLEGED DEFALCATION.

Upon a resolution directing counsel to the Corporation to institute legal proceedings against Mr. Terrence Farley, for alleged defalcations, to the amount of $4,209 45, with interest, being excess paid upon the erection of a sewer in Fifty-first-street, from Ninth-avenue to Hudson River:

Councilman Gunther said that Mr. Terrence Farley was not indebted to the City one cent, and that he (Farley) had the receipt of the Comptroller to that effect. Yet no action was pending against him.

Councilman Ambrosius said that, if any money were owing, it was due to Mr. Farley, and not from that gentleman. He moved that the resolution lie on the table.

Councilman Ganzr again contended that Mr. Farley had settled with Mr. Flagg. Mr. Cady had stated that the demand was settled. The press had falsely reported the proceedings of the Board in this matter. Upon vote, the resolution was lost by 6 to 11.

A resolution was presented directing the Comptroller to advertise the sale of the Grand and Peck Slip ferries eastwith, which was referred to the Committee on Ferries.

Another resolution was adopted directing the Counsel to the Corporation to open suit of Williamsburg Ferry Company against the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City, default having been taken by reason of the person upon whom the papers were served for the defendants not sending them to Corporation Counsel, and that officer not having been advised of the existence of the suit until after default was taken.

HARLEM RAILROAD INJUNCTION.

Another injunction, restraining the Common Council from any action tending to the repeal of the ordinance prohibiting the use of steam below Forty-second-street, on the Fourth-avenue, was served on the Clerk of the Board. The complainant in the case is Daniel W. Whitney and wife. The only difference between this complaint and the one presented by Peter Ten Eyck and wife is the following clause, charging corruption upon the Common Council, as follows:

Sixteenth—That, as the plaintiffs are informed and believe, members of the present Common Council of the City of New-York, and a majority of each Board thereof, have been bribed by money, or promises of money, or other thing of value, by or from the said New-York and Harlem Railroad Company, or its agents, or persons stimulated by said Company, or by the said New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company, or other interested persons, to allow the said New-York and Harlem Railroad Company and the said New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company to run steam engines on the Fourth-avenue to Thirty-second-street, and to vote for the said proposed ordinance.

Referred to Counsel for the Corporation.

SMALL CARS ON THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

A resolution directing the Hudson River Railroad Company to run small cars, within 90 days, from Chambers-street to a point below Fifty-second-street, at the same rate as is charged upon other lines, say 5 cents for each passenger, was offered by Councilman Cross and referred to the Committee on Railroads.

Councilman Ganzr moved that Councilman Cross be declared in contempt for having left the Chamber without permission of the Chair. Councilman Cross pleaded that the doorkeeper, the executive of the Chair, permitted him to pass, and that he was not guilty of contempt. He had merely passed for a moment into the Board of Aldermen. He demanded that the President should rule in the matter.

The President requested Councilman Cross to purge himself of the contempt rather than argue the question.

Councilman Brady hoped Councilman Cross would express himself very sorry for what he had done.

Councilman Cross stood during these proceedings in the centre of the floor, and below the President's chair.

Councilman Ganzr said that evasion was not excuse. He ought to be punished severely, or make an ample apology.

The adjournment was moved to Thursday night, and unexpectedly carried, by 9 to 8.

After the conclusion of the proceedings, Councilman Cross addressed the President, complaining bitterly of unfairness, and declaring that he had been the object of a personal attack.

The President told him that the Chair was not bound by the act of the doorkeeper.

After the exchange of some severe language, the *fracas* subsided, the President insisting that he was perfectly right.

Coroners' Inquests.

A DETERMINED SUICIDE.—An inquest was held yesterday at the City Hospital upon the body of Wm. Seanz, a German, who died from taking arsenic. The evidence showed that deceased bought an ounce of arsenic about a year ago for the purpose of killing himself, and that he carried it constantly in his pocket, intending to swallow it when he could screw his courage up to the sticking point. The immediate cause of his taking the poison was that he was out of work and money. A verdict of suicide was returned. The deceased was 25 years of age and a native of Prussia.

SUICIDE BY HANGING.—ARNOLD BAKER, who resided at No. 288 Sixth-avenue, committed suicide, yesterday afternoon, by hanging himself to a bedpost. An inquest will be held on the body to-day. Domestic trouble induced the act.

SUDDEN DEATH IN THE ALMSHOUSE WAGON.—ROBERT PAGE, while being taken yesterday to the Almshouse in the vehicle used for carrying persons to the Island, died suddenly. Dr. WEBER made a post mortem examination of the body, and discovered that death was the result of phthisis pulmonalis. Verdict accordingly.

CANNON EXPLOSION.—Coroner HILLS held an inquest yesterday upon the body of Wm. HOBT, who died from injuries received by the accidental explosion of a cannon which he was loading on board a Galway steamship. His right arm was so injured that it became necessary to amputate it. Inflammation of the left lung followed, and resulted in death. A verdict was rendered in accordance with these facts.

DEATH FROM BURNS.—An inquest was held, yesterday, at No. 142 Charles-street, on the body of MARY ANN BUSCO, who died from burns received two months ago, when the bed clothes of her bed caught fire from a candle left burning, and she was badly injured. Verdict—"Accidental death." The deceased was 46 years of age, and a native of New-Jersey.

FATAL FALL.—JOHN WELSH, a carman, while driving through Canal-street, yesterday, fell in front of his cart and was run over, sustaining injuries from which he died in a very short time. An inquest was held and a verdict of "accidental death," was rendered. Deceased lived at No. 103 West Broadway, and leaves a family.

SERIOUS FALL.—A child about 4½ years of age was seriously injured on Sunday afternoon by falling from a balcony on the fifth story of a house in Horatio-street, near Greenwich-avenue. The little sufferer lives in Brooklyn, and was on a visit with his parents to the house where the accident occurred. The name was not given by the policeman who reported the circumstance to the Deputy Superintendent.

[Advertisement.]
SCHNAPPS AT LOW PRICES.
WOLFE'S Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps.
Hotel keepers, bar-rooms and private families can now supply themselves with WOLFE'S genuine Aromatic Schnapps at a less price than the common Holland Gin is sold at in this market, exclusive of bottles, box and bottling.
The subscriber has now on hand several thousand pipes of Schnapps, which he manufactured and imported during the remnant last Fall, when he had the selection of the whole grain market of Schiedam.
The Schnapps now on hand is represented by the foreman of the distillery to be superior to any Schnapps ever manufactured by me.
HENRY C. WOLFE, No. 22 Beaver-street.

[Advertisement.]
BRADY'S GALLERIES.
Photographs,
Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes,
Nos. 359 and 363 Broadway, New-York; and
No. 352 Pennsylvania-avenue, Washington.

[Advertisement.]
GAS, GAS, GAS-FIXTURES.—A large assortment of beautiful and new designs will be found at our great manufacturing depot, No. 376 Broadway. The trade supplied at the manufacturers' prices.
ARCHER, WARNER & CO.

[Advertisement.]
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.—Neither tetter, ringworm, nor scabious eruptions of any class should be permitted to disfigure the beauty of childhood, when they can be cured without pain or danger with this mild but efficient Ointment.

[Advertisement.]
HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street, opposite City Hall, New-York.

[Advertisement.]
JOHN WOOD'S GYMNASIUM—Nos. 4 and 6 East Twenty-eighth-street. Classes now forming.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets, see Second Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange, Oct. 4.

$900	Indiana State 5s	89	
3,000	Indiana State 5s	89½	
7,000	Missouri State 6s	94½	
60,000	do	95	
500	Cal. St. 7s, new	99½	
1,000	Virginia 6s	93½	
5,000	Tenn. 6s '90	91½	
10,000	do	91½	
12,000	Min. S. & W. 6s	107	
10,000	E.R.R.Con.Bs.'71	81	
1,000	Hud. R.RR.1st M.	101	
2,000	M. C. R.R. 6s	90	
	1st M. S. & F. C. Bs.	92½	
6,800	Ill. Cen. R. R. Bs.	90	
6,000	do	89	
2,000	do	89⅛	
15,000	La C. & M. L. G. Bs.	70	
4,000	Chic. St. Paul & Fon du Lac L. G. Bs.	47	
20	Ret. St. Hud. C'l Co.	96	
25	do	96½	
2000	Mich. S. & N. Ind. mtg. bds.	62	
10	Pac. Mail S. Co.	105	
50	do	105	
50	do	105.10	
50	do	105.12½	
25	do	105	
750	N. Y. Central RR.	81½	
200	do	81⅝	
10	do	81¾	
400	do	81⅝	
150	do	81½	
250	do	81	
50	do	81½	
150	do	81⅝	
100	do	81¾	
100	do	81½	
150	do	81⅝	

SECOND BOARD.

$1,000	Missouri State 6s	95	
1,000	N. Y. St. 5½s '60	103½	
5,000	Rock. Water L'n	94	
9,000	N. Y. Cen. Bds. '5	97½	
1,000	R.&M. 2d mtg. bds	74	
2,000	L. C. & M. L. G. B.	28½	
10	Stonington R. R.	82	
25	Pacific Mail St. Co.	105½	
25	do	105	
100	do	105	
50	do	105½	
50	N. Y. Cent. R.R.	81	
300	do	81⅛	
200	do	81⅛	
300	do	81	
100	do	81⅛	
25	Marine Bk	93	
60	Mech. Bkg. Assoc.	98	
60	Farm. & Ch. Bk. L.I.	42	
10	Commerce F. Ins. Co.	100	
50	Excelsior F. Ins. Co.	101⅛	
40	St. Nicholas F. I. Co.	71½	
5	Humboldt F. Ins. Co.	100½	
22	Beekman F. Ins. Co.	104½	
30	Greenw. F. Ins. Co.	104	
10	Am. Ex. Bk	113	
40	Citizens' Bank	120	
10	Continental Bank	98⅛	
40	Chatham Bank	65	
100	do	64	
100	People's Bank	101⅛	
5	Market Bank	105⅛	
20	Exchange F. L. Co.	105	
25	Globe F. L. Co.	95	
20	Commercial F. L. Co.	114⅛	
10	Resolute F. In. Co.	109⅛	
12	Ocean Bank	82½	
22	Erie Railroad	15⅛	
61	do	15⅛	
60	do	15⅛	
100	do	15	
100	do	15	
140	do	15¼	
275	do	15	
50	do	15⅛	
100	La C. & Mil. R. R.	4⅛	
50	do	4	
50	Hudson River R.	37	
100	do	36⅞	
100	do	37	
100	do	37	
500	Reading R. R.	47⅛	
200	do	47⅛	
100	do	47⅛	
50	Mich. Cen. R. R.	52	
100	M. Sc. & N. In. R.	23	
100	do	23⅛	
100	M. S. & N. In. g'td	44	
200	do	44	
200	Panama R. R.	118	
100	Gal. & Chic. R. R.	84	
120	do	84¼	
100	Cleve. & Tol. R. R.	31	
100	do	30⅞	
200	Chic. & R. I. R. R.	64⅞	
100	do	64⅞	
200	do	64⅞	
100	do	64⅞	
150	do	65	
200	do	64⅞	
200	Brans. C. L. Co.	5⅞	

REPORTED SALES BY AUCTION.

$2,000	H. & St. J. R.R. 1st M.	60	
5,000	Chic., St. P. & F. du Lac 1st	43¾	
8,000	C., St. P. & F. du Lac 2s	19	
5,000	do	18	
4,000	Sac. Co. 10 ⅌ ct.	85	
2,000	N. I. R. R. 7s	89⅞	
1,000	Del. L. & W. RR. 1m	42	
2,000	do	73	
500	Gt. W. M. In. Sp. '37	84¾	
680	Sun M. Ins. Sp. '43	70⅞	
430	Sun M. Ins. Sp. '52	60⅞	
1,000	At. M. Ins. Sp. '43	62	
320	N. Y. M. In. Sp. '46	37	
5,000	Mil. & Hin. R. 6s	35	
9,000	Mil., City 3s	49	
10	Pac. Mail Steam. Co.	105	
20	do	105	
15	St. Nicholas Bk	95⅞	

MONDAY, Oct. 4—P. M.

The Custom-House returns of the Foreign trade at the port of New-York, for the month of September were completed this afternoon. They present the Import Entries of the month as follows:

Dutiable Goods, consumption direct	$11,180,523
Dutiable Goods, warehoused	2,900,710
Free Goods	1,253,829
Total entered	$15,335,062
Against September, 1857	16,042,075
Decrease in September, 1856	$707,013

The amount of goods of the previous importation, withdrawn from the Bonded Warehouse, is $2,905,062. There were also entered, during the month, foreign gold and silver of the value of $138,233; same month last year the foreign specie entered was $805,285.

The Exports for the month of September from the port of New-York were:

In Domestic Produce	$3,521,092
Foreign reëxported	374,253
Gold and Silver	3,230,591
Total	$7,125,936
Against September, 1857:	
In Produce	$4,216,057
Foreign reëxported	983,676
Specie	990,476—6,192,106
Increase in Sept., 1856	$942,730

We annex our usual summary by months, beginning with the first month of the calendar year, of the Foreign Trade and Specie movement at the port of New-York:

IMPORT OF FOREIGN GOODS AT NEW-YORK.

	1856.	vs.	1857.
January	7,796,000		18,120,000
February	8,969,000		24,501,000
March	11,453,000		20,074,000
April	10,644,000		20,279,000
May	11,130,000		17,634,000
June	10,014,000		14,969,000
July	18,469,000		25,295,000
August	15,556,000		19,979,000
September	15,385,000		16,042,000
Total 9 months	$113,366,000		$186,893,000
Foreign Specie	2,021,000		6,678,000

EXPORT OF DOMESTIC PRODUCE FROM NEW-YORK.

	1856.	vs.	1857.
January	4,208,000		4,544,000
February	3,710,000		5,399,000
March	4,503,000		7,964,000
April	5,513,000		5,162,000
May	4,263,000		6,047,000
June	6,383,000		5,395,000
July	4,772,000		4,274,000
August	4,860,000		4,289,000
September	5,522,000		4,219,000
Total 9 months	$41,534,000		$47,233,000
Foreign reëxported	4,113,000		7,232,000

EXPORT OF SPECIE FROM NEW-YORK.

	1856.	vs.	1857.
January	4,746,000		1,508,000
February	3,747,000		1,832,000
March	836,000		2,175,000
April	646,000		3,556,000
May	1,791,000		5,789,000
June	504,000		7,959,000
July	2,861,000		5,626,000
August	2,302,000		6,274,000
September	2,240,000		900,000
Total 9 months	$20,603,000		$33,456,000

EXPORTS FROM NEW-YORK RECAPITULATED.

		vs.	
Domestic Produce	$41,534,000		$47,233,000
Foreign reëxported	4,113,000		7,232,000
Specie	20,603,000		33,456,000
Total all, 9 months	$66,249,000		$87,923,000

CUSTOMS REVENUE AT NEW-YORK.

	1855.	vs.	1857.
January	1,641,474		4,537,378
February	2,062,704		3,117,356
March	2,213,453		3,752,184
April	1,736,510		3,801,627
May	1,743,227		1,907,209
June	1,685,082		677,811
July	3,387,305		3,087,019
August	3,545,118		3,946,630
September	2,672,935		2,249,082
Total 9 months	$20,684,468		$32,477,356

DELIVERIES OF CALIFORNIA GOLD AT NEW-YORK.

1856. From Jan. 1.		1857. From Jan. 1.	
Jan. 13	$1,807,440	Jan. 13	$1,200,177
Jan. 27	1,555,772	Jan. 28	1,166,510
Feb. 12	1,348,507	Feb. 14	1,006,540
Feb. 27	1,640,629	Feb. 27	1,260,126
March 10	1,379,134	March 17	1,004,956
March 26	1,499,040	March 28	1,137,128
April 12	1,382,612	April 14	1,239,526
April 27	1,496,546	April 29	1,460,000
May 12	1,616,551	May 12	1,707,527
May 30	1,573,891	May 26	1,656,062
June 12	1,446,170	June 16	1,926,976
June 27	1,790,000	June 29	1,852,000
July 14	1,481,713	July 12	1,551,676
July 27	1,698,817	July 27	1,458,043
Aug. 12	1,557,280	Aug. 12	1,241,055
Aug. 27	1,434,674	Sep. 2	1,503,557
Sept. 11	1,696,639		
Sept. 26	1,570,000	Total, 9 mos.	$22,617,919
Total, 9 mos.	$27,345,047		
Increased receipts from California			$4,727,128
Decreased receipts from abroad			4,857,000

The Official Averages of the Banks in the City of New-York for the past week, ending Saturday, Oct. 2, the particulars of which are advertised by each Bank separately, on another page of this paper, present in the aggregate the following changes from the previous weekly statement of Saturday, Sept. 25:

Decrease in Loans	$409,212
Decrease in Specie	92,146
Increase in Circulation	11,257
Decrease in Undrawn Deposits	215,528

Including the Clearing House operations of the week, which show a large movement in the way of interexchanges between the Banks, and including also the Sub-Treasury statement of Saturday, the following is the general comparison with the previous exhibit, and also with the movement this time last season:

COMPARATIVE RECAPITULATION.

	Oct. 2, 1857.	Oct. 4, 1856.	Sept. 26, 1856.
Capital	$66,130,000	$67,325,182	$67,325,182
Loans	126,626,199	122,659,601	124,116,904
Specie	11,609,412	22,622,185	22,622,221
Circulation	7,916,102	7,875,710	7,904,373
Gross Deposits	97,978,037	108,001,443	109,499,344
Exclusive of Government	15,180,921	19,025,193	16,547,446
Undrawn	10,795,268	8,066,370	8,081,898
In Sub-Treasury	7,746,207	11,396,613	11,526,004

The Bank Statement averages loss in the Specie line than generally looked for. The gold exchanges with the interior appear to be partially against the City; yet the untrawn deposits go down slowly on account of the continued accumulation of private means. The Loans are again down in the aggregate nearly half a million of dollars without any effort on the part of the Banks to run down their lines. The market for money this week opens easy. Lenders have to take long-date bills in order to get reasonably good rates. Temporary loans and 30@60-day prime bills rule from 3 to 4 ⅌ cent.

The Foreign Exchanges for the Boston mail open firm for bank names on London, say 109¾@110 ⅌ cent., but business is doing in fair and prime merchant bills at from 109½ to 109¾ ⅌ cent. Francs are easier and at a wider range, 5. 15@5. 12½ to the dollar.

Dividend-paying shares and bonds are firm at the Stock Exchange, with a good request for all the State Stocks, and also for New-York Central. In the last, the transactions were again large, the price closing 81¾ ⅌ cent., cash, 81½ buyer 60 days, as against 81½ on Saturday. Pacific Mail advanced to 105½ ⅌ cent., and there was a demand for Panama at 118@118½ ⅌ cent. In the Western Shares the changes from Saturday were not important. Reading was firmer at the close, 47½ bid. There were sellers of Erie Shares at the decline of Saturday, but the unsecured Bonds were a fraction better. Some large parcels of Missouris were taken both at the Board and by private contract, at 95 ⅌ cent. The supply, or sale, is being gradually drawn down, and as nearly all other State Securities are growing scarce, the market remains a decided advance. For Tennessees 91 ⅌ cent. was paid this afternoon, and 93½ for Virginias. New-York Central and Illinois Central Bonds continue in free demand, and at full rates. There is a further rise of 2 ⅌ cent. in the 2d Mortgage of the Milwaukee and Mississippi, and 1 ⅌ cent. in Southern Michigan Seconds. The general market closed firm.

The exact earnings of the Illinois Central line, in September, are $212,149. The Company here advertise to pay 35 ⅌ cent. additional on the outstanding floating debt of 1857.

Messrs. GWYNNE & DAY quote Bank Notes and Specie thus:

Banks.	Dis.	Banks.	Dis.
N. Y. State	¼@ —	S. Carolina & Ga.	¼@1
New-England	¼@ —	Virginia	¼@ —
New-Jersey	¼@ ¾	Canada	½@ —
Illinois	1¼@ —	Michigan	1 @ —
Pa. R. and all Pa.		Ohio, Ind. and Ky.	¼@ —
Bks par in Phila.	¼@ —	Louisiana	¾@ —
Baltimore Banks	¾@ ¾	Missouri	¾@ —
Interior Penn.	¾@ ¾	Tennessee	1½@ —
Interior Maryland	¾@ ¾	Wilmington	1½@ —
Del. Bks, 5s and up	¼@ —	Mobile	¾@ —
North Carolina	1 @ 1½	Ala. (free Banks)	2½@ —

SPECIE.

Silver.	Buying.		Buying.
Mexican Dollars	1 05½	12½ cent pieces, per oz.	1 21
Spanish Dollars	1 10	Gold.	
Five-franc Pieces	97	Sovereigns	4 85@4 87
French Crowns	1 10	25-franc pieces	4 70
German Crowns	1 08	10-franc pieces	1 92
Prussian Thalers	70	10-thaler pieces	7 56
German Guilders	39	10-guilder pieces	3 88
English Silver, &c.	4 80	Spanish Doubloons	15 25
Old Half-Dollars	1 04	Patriot Doubloons	15 60
Old Quarters	1 02½	Old Eagles	10 60
Spanish Quarters	23	Old Half-Eagles	5 30

BANKING AND FINANCIAL ADVERTISEMENTS

SIGHT AND TIME BILLS, on all the Southern cities, purchased by DUNCAN SHERMAN & CO.
Sept. 24, 1856.

NEW-YORK STATE FIVES, due 1866, (Registered stock,) Hamilton County, (Cincinnati,) Ohio 5 per cent. Coupon bonds, due 1862, security equal to an State Stock, for sale by THOMPSON BROTHERS, No. 3 Wall-st.

OFFICIAL BANK STATEMENTS.

CONDITION OF CITY BANKS—OCT. 2.

Names of Banks.	Aver. am't of L'ns & Dis.	Ave. am't of Specie.	Ave am't of Circula'n.	Ave am't of Deposits.
Artisans' Bank	$825,462	$151,823	$94,013	$642,361
Am. Exchange Bk	7,670,076	2,196,468	336,057	6,771,226
Atlantic Bank	533,407	56,608	95,505	327,783
Bk. of America	8,750,630	3,376,096	166,704	7,282,470
Bk. of Commerce	12,022,832	3,262,519	1,975	6,968,302
Bk. of Commw'lth	1,070,383	182,828	115,449	1,161,409
Bk. of New-York	4,406,262	998,472	267,415	3,820,845
Bk. of N. America	1,822,371	330,650	71,047	1,413,225
Bk. of Republic	3,773,[illegible]	945,072	176,160	4,025,618
Bk. St. New-York	3,678,182	1,147,272	297,400	3,547,115
Broadway Bank	2,207,849	230,154	219,650	1,791,390
Bull's Head Bank	347,956	28,343	104,814	292,868
Butch. & Drov. Bk.	1,570,544	221,881	161,975	1,239,517
Chatham Bank	527,170	84,015	96,891	399,151
Chemical Bank	2,177,741	603,961	294,279	2,483,587
Citizens' Bank	760,988	102,240	148,721	553,621
City Bank	2,275,[illegible]	399,242	184,433	2,104,437
Continental Bank	3,382,821	651,977	136,147	2,626,046
Corn Exch. Bank	1,448,874	411,279	133,171	1,673,102
East River Bank	297,192	38,206	75,228	88,199
Fulton Bank	1,397,826	443,831	139,023	1,196,261
Greenwich Bank	783,842	40,076	113,402	559,927
Grocers' Bank	313,065	94,698	43,722	173,768
Hanover Bank	1,228,705	270,928	89,979	870,683
Imp. & Traders' Bk	2,550,360	834,057	294,181	2,466,994
Irving Bank	838,195	212,123	108,817	604,626
Leather Man. Bk.	2,117,448	364,672	219,160	1,827,461
Manhattan Co.	4,607,868	1,163,610	537,839	4,152,194
Marine Bank	327,866	118,606	117,362	271,189
Market Bank	1,671,195	374,988	169,900	1,390,278
Mechanics' Bank	3,046,051	611,460	278,201	2,571,094
Mech. B'k'g Ass'n	320,000	122,000	60,570	186,418
Mech. & Trad. Bk.	701,968	124,201	137,148	604,626
Mercantile Bank	2,606,264	496,436	45,527	2,330,012
Merchants' Bank	3,764,454	1,674,136	226,160	3,500,059
Merch. Exch. Bk	2,217,646	360,120	135,291	1,461,606
Metropolitan Bk.	6,616,126	1,313,291	218,900	5,452,202
Nassau Bank	1,486,972	266,555	112,439	1,066,219
National Bank	2,360,[illegible]	334,064	180,479	1,322,186
N. Y. County Bk.	1,[illegible],211	40,646	76,[illegible]	1,[illegible]
N. Y. Dry Dock Co	408,839	64,131	168,830	176,096
N. Y. Exch. Bank	299,717	21,925	119,844	317,238
North River Bank	106,826	147,711	14,908	136,573
Ocean Bank	1,710,265	331,590	103,469	1,440,060
Oriental Bank	568,396	90,659	101,820	406,013
Pacific Bank	1,126,[illegible]	180,576	126,192	948,562
Park Bank	4,060,891	984,[illegible]	182,783	3,[illegible]
People's Bank	670,472	106,944	120,016	622,833
Phenix Bank	3,444,616	630,369	70,491	2,777,660
St. Nicholas Bank				
Seventh Ward Bk	1,710,265	346,836	206,260	912,622
Shoe & Leath. Bk	3,[illegible]	726,324	218,321	2,782,714
Tradesmen's Bank	1,[illegible]	227,[illegible]	94,446	1,[illegible]
Union Bank	3,670,415	257,639	194,181	2,495,568

BANK POSITIONS.

Loans	$126,626,199	Circulation	$7,875